The Mapleton Item.

VOL. XIII. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, JULY 31, 1901. NO. 19

LOCAL NOTES.

—Republican primaries next Saturday evening.

—Samuel Hatfield spent Sunday with friends at Alexandria.

—Rev. W. H. Norcross will preach in the M. E. church next Sunday morning.

—Mr. and Mrs. David Shore enjoyed Sunday with friends in Shirley township.

—H. H. Lamberson, of Newberg, is circulating among friends in Mapleton.

—Miss Mary Gillam, of Tyrone, is being entertained by friends in Mapleton.

—Lot ladies' lawn and percale wrappers, 75c. to $1.00 each. B. O'Connor & Sons.

—A. J. Foster and family, of Huntingdon, are visiting among friends in this vicinity.

—Special prices rule at Wm. Reed & Sons just now. It will pay you to read of them.

—Misses Ettie and Louie McDonald are spending a few weeks with friends at Lewistown.

—Mrs. Calvin Baker, of Clear Ridge, spent a portion of the past week among friends in Mapleton.

—Emory Niece returned home last week from a two weeks' visit to friends in Clearfield county.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Hicks spent a few days of the past week in Philadelphia and Atlantic City.

—Rev. W. H. Norcross visited among his former parishioners at Concord, Juniata county, last week.

—For men's dress suits, shoes, hats shirts, etc., it will pay to go to W. G. Ewing's, Mt. Union, Pa.

—Miss Lydia Parks and Master Joseph Gundecker, of Tyrone, are guests of L. M. Speer's family.

—J. O. Heaton, Cassville, Pa., sells and recommends all of Chamberlain's remedies advertised in the ITEM.

—Mrs. Daniel Parsons and Mrs. J. L. Numer, of Huntingdon, are on a three weeks' visit to friends at McKeesport.

—Mrs. F. D. Heeter and children, of Tyrone, are spending a short time with friends and former neighbors in Mapleton.

—Mrs. LuLu Treverton returned to Mapleton yesterday after a visit of several weeks to her father's home in Perry county.

—A fine line of furniture, carpets, mattings and all house cleaning goods at reasonably low prices at Kimmels' store, Saltillo.

—A handsome depot is being erected at Alexandria, work having been commenced last week. The structure will be of pressed brick.

—At W. G. Ewing's, Mt. Union, you can get dress plaids as low as 5 cents per yard and all wool 36 inch dress goods at 25 cents per yard.

—When you want a modern, up-to-date physic, try Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at J. G. Gillam's store.

—Miss Agnes Hicks, of Cleveland, Ohio, was the guest of J. G. Hicks' family during a portion of last week, having stopped en route to Philadelphia.

—The western drouth had the effect of advancing potatoes forty cents a bushel in the Chicago markets last Thursday—from seventy cents to $1.10.

—Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Lamberson, Mrs. R. C. Fields and Mr. and Mrs. Edward Brown attended the funeral of Hiram Brown in Springfield township on Monday.

—Rev. H. W. Koehler will preach in the Presbyterian church next Sunday morning at 10.15 o'clock. The ordinance of baptism of children will be observed at this time.

—Rev. and Mrs. H. W. Koehler, of Mount Union, were calling upon the members of his congregation at this place last Thursday. They have been very favorably received.

—Our large white fish are the cheapest food in market, 6c. per pound. In packages of 10, 15 and 30 pounds each. Only a small lot and no more to be had this season. B. O'Connor & Sons.

—A freight wreck occurred at Barree station Monday evening.

—S. W. Kimmel & Sons have two saw mills and plenty of timber at Cole's Summit. Get prices on rough and dry building lumber. Address, S. W. Kimmel & Sons, Saltillo, Pa.

—W. G. Ewing, Mount Union, carries a big line of ladies' dress goods, muslin sheetings, table linens, sheetings, ginghams, plaids. etc., and it will pay to see his goods before purchasing.

—J. M. Baker, William Wakefield and George Hughes have been elected to represent W. C. No. 59, P. O. S. of A., in the district convention to be held at Shade Gap next Saturday.

—James D. Sloan sustained a bad scalp wound last Wednesday afternoon by a stone from a blast at the Mapleton Sand company's quarry striking him on the head. He was able to return to work on Monday.

—Levi Wright had a slight paralytic stroke last Sunday since which time he has been in a semi-conscious condition. This is the second stroke with which he has been afflicted. We hope he may speedily be restored to health.

—The annual reunion of the veterans of Huntingdon county will be held at Huntingdon on Thursday, August 15th. Post No. 44, G. A. R., has appointed a committe to co-operate with the officers of the county association in making the arrangements.

—Mrs. Bertha Leitzell and son, of Chicago, stopped a day with friends and relatives in Mapleton last week. They were on their way to visit Mrs. Leitzell's sister at Reedsville. She finds many changes in Mapleton since her girlhood days.

—W. H. Hill, wife and son, of Mount Union, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Morris and two children, of Pittsburg, Pa., Mrs. Badger, of Montana and Miss Bennett, of Philadelphia, were welcome guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank O'Conner last Wednesday evening.

—Albert H. Stever and wife, of Huntingdon, called on friends in Mapleton on Sunday. Monday evening Mr. and Mrs. Stever started on a six weeks' tour of the west. The object point of the tour is Salida, Colorado, where Mr. Stever's brother and sister reside. We wish them a pleasant trip.

—Jacob Piper, an eight-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Emery G. Piper, of Mt. Union, was struck by second section of Pittsburg express at Mount Union about two o'clock yesterday afternoon and instantly killed. A freight train was going east and the lad was standing on the crossing waiting for it to pass.

—At a meeting of the Mapleton borough school board held last Thursday evening, Harper E. Swope, of Colfax, was elected teacher of No. 4 school for the ensuing term and the salary was fixed at forty dollors per month. Mr. Swope has had considerable experience as a teacher and is strongly recommended.

—James C. Wright, of Calvin, who is a candidate for director of the poor, was looking up his interests in this vicinity on Monday. Mr. Wright is a very reliable gentleman and would make a good official. He was taken ill at Petersburg Monday night and is unable to make a further canvass. We hope he may soon be restored to health.

—The barn of Franklin Bowersox, near Pennsylvania Furnace, together with all outbuildings, 900 bushels of wheat, sixty tons of hay, lots of barley, etc., four horses, farming implements and two wagons, was destroyed by fire, supposed to have been the work of an incendiary, on Friday morning, July 26. Loss about $5,000, with no insurance.

—Charles T. Derrick, who has been located at Huntingdon for some time as instructor of firemen, has been promoted to assistant road foreman of engines, to be located at Altoona, vice Mr. Brown, pensioned. To date from July 20th. Mr. Derrick is a very popular man and has made many friends in this county who congratulate him on his advancement.

—Screen doors and windows at cost at B. O'Connor & Sons'.

—The democratic committee of Huntingdon county met at Huntingdon on Saturday and elected W. Scott Miller, of Shirleysburg, and H. H. Davis, of Grafton, as delegates to the state convention. The resolutions adopted denounced the state administration and the recent legislature. T. F. Bailey presented a resolution to support Judge Yerkes, which was voted down.

—Newport Ledger: The furnace shut down last Wednesday for a period of at least six weeks for repairs. The repairs will consist of connecting with the Juniata river for the purpose of a water supply, the canal management having notified the furnace company that they cannot furnish water from the canal any longer. A new Cochran heater and chemical purifier will also be introduced, and other needed repairs will be made.

—During last May an infant child of our neighbor was suffering from cholera infantum. The doctors had given up all hopes of recovery. I took a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy to the house, telling them I felt sure it would do good if used according to directions. In two days time the child had fully recovered. The child is now vigorous and healthy. I have recommended this remedy frequently and have never known it to fail. —MRS. CURTIS BAKER, Bookwalter, Ohio. Sold by J. G. Gillam.

—Orbisonia Dispatch: About noon on Friday last the house of Oliver Carothers about a mile northwest of this place on the road leading to Shirleysburg, was discovered to be on fire. The family was eating dinner at the time and did not know the house was afire until the flames had made such headway as to be beyond control and the house together with most of the contents was consumed by the fire. The organ, some bed clothing and wearing apparel were saved. A spark from the flue is supposed to have caused the fire.

—The Semi-Annual Convention of the Camps of Huntingdon county of the Patriotic Order Sons of America, will be held at Shade Gap, Pa., Saturday, August 3rd, 1901. In addition to the Ex-Presidents, the officers of the convention and three delegates from each Camp, all past president in good standing, are ex-officio members of the convention and entitled to a vote therein. At this session a past president will be recommended for district president for the coming year. Special trains and low rates will be given on account of G. A. R. picnic at Shade Gap.

—Newport News, July 25: A son of Michael Lauver, aged 13 years, was drowned yesterday in the Susquehanna rever at New Buffalo. He was playing along the river with two companions, when they went in to take a bath. Getting beyond his depth, he called to his companions for help when they both rushed in to save him. Only one of them could swim and he did the best he could to rescue the drowning boy. The drowning boy caught his would be rescuer by the feet and almost pulled him under, but the latter treeed himself and made to the shore while young Lauver sank to his watery grave.

—Tuesday evening of last week the officers of W. C. No. 59, of this place were installed by District President D. M. Bealman, of Shade Gap. They are as follows: Charles Banks, president; Ellis F. Baker, vice president; Howard Barkley, M. of F.; William Wakefield, C.; George Hughes, G.; Clarence Coder, I.; sentinels, Alfred Lamberson and Edward McCarl; chaplain, J. M. Baker; trustee, J. M. Baker; A. Sec., C. W. Swope; delegate to state convention, Jesse Corbin. After the installation a social session was held, the members bringing their wives and best girls. An excellent supper was served after which the time was enjoyed in speeches and social intercourse until after eleven o'clock. It was a pleasant occasion. The Camp is in excellent condition.

Hiram Brown.

Hiram Brown, of Springfield township, died suddenly last Saturday of dropsy and heart trouble. He had come to Orbisonia to meet his daughter, Mrs. Louise T. Locke, and they were on their way to the old homestead when Mr. Brown commenced eating an apple. He had taken a bite of the fruit and commenced gasping. In a moment he expired. Some folks were in a wagon a short distance in front of them and Mrs. Locke called to them for assistance. The body was borne to his home. Mrs. Brown had prepared an elegant dinner and the family had anticipated a happy time on account of the home coming of the daughter. Their joy was thus suddenly turned to sorrow.

Mr. Brown was a native of Springfield township and was born June 8, 1830, being at the time of his death aged 71 years, 1 month and 19 days. February 28, 1860, he was united in marriage to Miss Catharine Johns, of Union township. A few years of their married life was spent on the Corbin farm, south of Mapleton, from which they removed to Springfield township where they have since resided. In 1864, Mr. Brown enlisted in Company K, 202 P. V. enlisting as from Bucks county and joining his regiment at Harrisburg. He was stationed until mustered out along the Orange & Alexandria Railroad in Virginia, doing guard duty. He was mustered out August 7, 1865. Mr. Brown was a member of Col. Albright Post, G. A. R., of Three Springs. He was also a member of the Old School Baptist church and was held in high esteem by all who knew him.

Mr. Brown is survived by his wife, two sons and two daughters—Clay, Howard, Mrs. Judson Locke and Mrs Ephraim Anderson, all of whom are married.

The remains were interred in Springfield township at the old Baptist church. Three of his brothers and one sister have died in the past year.

Some Mifflin County News.

From the Gazette.

The eighth annual picnic of the Kishacoquillas Valley railroad will be held at Gibboney park August 22.

Rev. W. H. Closson, superintendent of the Prudential Insurance company at this place, has resigned to go into evangelist work.

While making alterations at the Valley house last week a copy of the Huntingdon Journal of fifty years ago was found in a partition, which is in good condition.

L. E. Edwards has been appointed assistant superintendent of the Metropolitan Insurance company at this place in place of Pell S. Rodgers, who has been transferred to Philadelphia.

The reunion of the Knights of the Golden Eagle of this county will be held at Central Park on Saturday, August 17. Addresses will be delivered by the grand chief and other prominent members of the order.

Eli Yoder, working along the foot of Jack's mountain on Friday, heard the cry of a rabbit near by in the bushes and on going to see what was the matter with poor bunny he saw a large blacksnake had it and was going to make a meal on the rabbit. He killed the serpent and thus released poor bunny.

Tuesday morning the five-year-old child of Daniel P. Yoder, of Bratton township, was so seriously injured by being run over by a wagon that it died shortly after. It seems a load of wheat was being pulled onto the barn floor. In order to do so two of the horses had to be unhitched from the team and it is supposed the child crawled under the wagon to get out of the road of those horses as they were taken back and when the wagon was started forward it was caught under the wheels.

—The Democratic state convention will be held in the opera house at Harrisburg, August 15, to nominate candidates for judge of the supreme court and state treasurer. The Republican state convention will be held in the same place August 21st.

The Huntingdon County Fair

Every reasonable effort is being made to have this year's Huntingdon County Fair the most interesting and attractive yet held. The dates fixed upon are September 17th, 18th, 19th and 20th.

The husbandman and tradesman will be represented by all the known products of the time and the handiwork of women will be in evidence on all sides. It is intended to have the live stock display excel all former exhibits, and the same may be said with reference to the collection of fine chickens, ducks, geese and turkeys. The asurance of gorgeous displays of luscious fruit, mammoth and dwarf melons, big and little pumpkins, all kinds of vegetables, and the various products of the grain fields speak well for the prospect of the Agricultural department, while the machinery exhibit will show every known device used in the tilling of soil. Modern and thoroughly advanced ideas in the production of machinery will be found in the collection.

Every convenience is to be provided women exhibitors, thus affording an excellent opportunity for the display of art and needlework. Quaint quilts, costly comforts and all the known artistic dainties will catch the eyes of interested visitors. It is expected that the liberal premiums to be offered will result in the display of the very best products in this line.

There has also been provided space for the products of the culinary department, and bread, cakes, pies, etc., of the kind that "mother used to bake" will be in evidence on all sides.

The management has not slighted the amusement features in the least, and the program in this line includes all the latest novelties of the day. Three grand balloon ascensions, with parachute descents, are on the boards, while K. R. Moore, known the world over as "Monkawire," the greatest animal impersonator in existence, will give performances daily. Then there will be a merry-go-round. This will be an exceptionally delightful feature for the children and the tired and footsore grown ones as well. Horse and bicycle racing will be star attractions and it is proposed that several games will be played. Band music on the ground each day is a feature worth mentioning.

In short, every factor that goes toward making a successful fair is in working order and the fair is destined to be a most attractive one.

White Man Turned Yellow.

Great consternation was felt by the friends of M. A. Hogarty, of Lexington, Ky., when they saw he was turning yellow. His skin slowly changed color, also his eyes, and he suffered terribly. His malady was Yellow Jaundice. He was treated by the best doctors, but without benefit. Then he was advised to try Electric Bitters, the wonderful Stomach and Liver remedy, and he writes: "After taking two bottles I was wholly cured." A trial proves its matchless merit for all Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles. Only 25c. Sold by W. H. Spangler.

More Improvements at Huntingdon.

The Pennsylvania railroad company has a force of men at work surveying and making plans for their new buildings which, we are reliably informed, will be started at once. The company is greatly in need of a house for the accommodation of their many engines, which they are compelled to let stand in the open, which is a great detriment to the iron horses. The company contemplates building a large and commodious round house, capable of holding eight locomotives. Adjacent to the round house, a new turn table will be erected, work on which was started a few days ago. The company will build erecting shops, store house, machine shops and office buildings. These improvements will be made in the large field between the old and new roadbeds, near Thirteenth street.—*Globe.*

Of Ice-Blue Foulard.

An odd model for a foulard gown is of ice-blue, ringed with white and black. The collar, cuffs and flounce have rows of black bebe ribbon velvet, joined by diamonds of yellow lace, and the vest and sleevelets are of lace to match, the front held in with two crossed braces of black velvet ribbon. To be worn with this costume is a jaunty little hat of blue straw, trimmed with tea roses and black velvet.

Will Devote Life to Lepers.

Mrs. Laura Schwichtenburg, a young widow of wealth, some time ago received, at her urgent request, an appointment as government inspector of hospitals in the Philippines Visiting the leper colony on the island of Cebu, she was deeply impressed by the large number of children there and the unsanitary conditions prevailing, so she has decided to devote her life to the lepers, and will make Cebu her home in the future.

Shirt Waists.

Six shirt waists should meet the requirements of most careful girls. To have a sufficient stock of blouses to be able to ring the changes in routine lengthens the life of each one considerably. Therefore, two of gingham, two of plain silk for afternoon wear and one or two of smarter nature for parties would not be too many, while, needless to say, the more the better. And when these are manufactured at home, their cost is really so very slight that one is justified in the extravagance.

Dainty Veilings for Summer Wear.

Veilings of every shade and variety, often of the faintest blue or gray, but by preference of white, are far and away the daintiest things for dressy summer wear this year. The simplest way to make them very smart is to put them over a Pompadour silk overskirt. The fabrics are so thin and sheer that the flowers just show through with a suggestiveness of color and shimmer that is irresistible. If your dressmaker is equal to it have one summer gown made with a princesse slip of Pompadour silk All its elegance than will come from lines, and a few dainty shirrings or ruffles, these last tucked, at the bottom of the skirt, and some similar trimming on the bodice.—The Ladies' Home Journal.

Train the Boys Early.

The boy at five or ten years of age is marvelously impressionable—far more so than he ever will be again. Mothers get their strongest hold on the boys at this period, but fathers are apt to "wait until the boys become older." But then puberty influences the young mind, previously stored with a great variety of impressions or experiences, the early formative period is practically concluded, and while it is yet possible to mold the character, the nascent stage of development is past, never to return. Science and experience agree in proving that this nascent period of childhood is most important. The greatest church organization the world has ever seen is based on a realization of this fact. Education is being modified according to this principle. Parents and especially fathers, need to recognize it. —Good Housekeeping.

Most Extravagant Woman in History.

The Empress Josephine was allowed at the beginning of her reign $72,000 a year for her toilet, and later this was increased to $90,000. But there was never a year during the time that she did not far overreach her allowance and oblige the Emperor to come to her belief.

According to the estimate Mason has made, Josephine spent on an average of $220,000 yearly on her toilet during her reign. It is only by going over her wardrobe article by article and noting the cost and number of each piece that one can realize how a woman could spend this amount. Take the simple item of her hose—which were almost always white silk, often richly embroidered or in open work. She kept 150 or more pairs on hand, and they cost from $4 to $8 a pair.

She employed two hairdressers—one for every day, at $1200 a year; the other for great occasions, at $2000 a year; and she paid them each from $1000 to $2000 a year for furnishings. It was the same for all the smaller items of her toilet.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

English Working Girls' Clubs.

At the exhibition held by the English working girls' clubs in the People's Palace, in London, recently, great interest was shown in the departments of needlework and cookery. In the former branch the girls have found a new incentive to ambition in their desire to make extra clothing for themselves to take away on their summer outings. This is a marked step in advance of their custom of a few years ago, when a pocket handkerchief contained their entire outfit. They are now actually saving money with which to buy small trunks.

In cookery, a prize was offered for the best Sunday dinner for a man, wife and four children, at a cost of not more than 50 cents. It was found necessary to divide the honors between one young woman who supplied a meal of meat pie, mashed potatoes and rice, with stewed rhubarb, and another providing pea soup, with fried bread and dry mint, stewed beef and carrots, cabbages, potatoes and a plain pudding.

Twenty-two clubs were represented at the exhibition, comprising in all some 2000 members from the poorest classes of London.

A Partnership Affair.

An interesting discussion on the relations between women's development and privileges and her economic independence is reported to have takn place recently in English Ladies' Literary society. The fundamental relations between property and privilege were discussed, and the peculiar bearing of the generally accepted opinion that "husbands keep their wives." But it was shown that in domestic labor women really "earn" as men do abroad, and that the earnings, though not translated into coin, can still be reckoned up at the end of the week as so much to the good of the common stock. This can be proved by a husband paying others to do what his wife generally does, and the figures would come out approximately as to what a woman relatively earns, especially among the working classes. Some ladies repudiated the thought that woman should or could be paid for what are labors of love; but Mrs. Stopes pointed out that there should be no humiliation of the true conception of matrimony was understood. It should be a union of souls and a partnership of interests."—Detroit Free Press.

Buckles and Buttons.

Buttons and buckles—what an incessant chorus these adjuncts make! On behalf of the former a good deal of applique work is employed, this taking the form of a delicate tracery in gilt, silver or aluminum on groundworks of smoked pearl, mother of pearl and imitation colored stones of every sort, kind and description.

Amethysts are wonderfully imitated and have become a great vogue. Amethysts and topazes have alike been out of favor and fashion for their allotted span, and the time is just ripe for their return.

Before the shrine of the turquoise all continue to bow in adoring worship, but this pretty blue stone has become a trifle too familiar to the sight to be altogether pleasant.

Many are doing their best to take coral seriously. Coral buttons, appliqued with dull silver are especially decorative. Brobdingnagian buttons are not nearly so much in vogue as they were. Of course, they are to be found here and there when some particular period of style commands their presence. But decidedly of more pronounced popularity is the small button arranged in detached groups—two, three and four, as the fancy dictates. As to buckles, their story is a long and bewildering one. Scarcely in millinery can a buckle go wrong, and in this department do they seem to grow longer and longer and narrower and narrower every day. And it is buckles that create a decorative item in one's chic visiting toilet.

The latest models in shirtwaists fasten down the back with pearl, gilt or silver buttons.

The linen batiste collar with lace applications is much favored by Parisian dress designers.

Heavy ivory white and ecru lace comes in sailor collar and cuff sets as accompaniments to shirtwaists.

White silk roses with black velvet leaves make an effective trimming for a white straw hat faced with black.

Parasols of mircir silk with inch wide fan tucks around the edge are very attractive, with carved handles of ivory.

Stockings made entirely of lace are among the novelties and silk mousseline stockings, handsomely embroidered, are also on the season's hosiery list.

Some of the newest sunshades are decorated with cretonne applique and vailed in chiffon. Gold and silver spangles are seen on a few of the black lace parasols.

Among expensive novelties are belts of rattlesnake skin, tanned so that all the markings are preserved and the scales returned to their places. Self covered or silver gilt buckles are used as fasteners.

Deep hyacinth blue is one of the shades that is seen in bordered voile, a new fabric. The borders are sometimes of a darker or lighter shade than the plain material and occasionally of a contrasting tone.

MINOR EVENTS OF THE WEEK

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

Charges of illegal appointments of examiners were made against Wilbur F. Wakeman, Appraiser of the Port of New York.

Antonio Modesto Yznaga filed with the Spanish Claims Commission a claim for $248,927 for property destroyed by Cuban and Spanish troops.

George K. Lawton, astronomer of the United States Naval Observatory, died of typhoid fever. He was a native of Jackson, Mich.

A new ten dollar note, bearing a picture of a Buffalo, is being engraved in Washington.

The State Department was notified that Marquis Malispina, the new Italian Ambassador, will reach Washington in September.

A man claiming to be Senator Hanna's son, but who is an imposter, was arrested in Washington for swindling jewelers.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

The Hawaiian Legislature in its special session appropriated a sum largely in excess of the estimated income.

A controversy is on as to whether Tutuila, Samoa, is a part of the United States as far as customs are concerned, and a ruling from Washington is awaited.

Captain Harry A. Smith, of the Fifteenth Infantry, was appointed Military Governor of Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

William H. Hunt, the present insular secretary, will succeed Mr. Allen as Governor of Porto Rico on September 1.

Five yellow fever cases were found in a suburb of Havana, Cuba, and four were removed to the city hospitals.

The fiscal of the Havana Audiencia said that he possessed already sufficient evidence to convict C. F. W. Neely of postal frauds.

H. Phelps Whitmarsh, Civil Governor of Benguet Province, Luzon, P. I., was exonerated by the Civil Commission of the charges against him.

Little opposition was shown in Cuba to the decision of the United States to occupy Morro Castle.

DOMESTIC.

Edgar W. Abbott, professor of languages at Butler University, Indiana, was drowned while bathing.

At the first Republican primaries ever held at Indianapolis, Charles Bookwalter was nominated for Mayor.

Family troubles led to the murder of George Ballard by his brother John, the Town Marshal at Paoli, Ind.

Directors of the Seventh National Bank, at New York City, voted to reorganize with $2,000,000 new capital, pay all debts and resume business.

John Arnold, of Knoxville, Tenn., under indictment for assault on a neighbor's wife, was assassinated.

Counterfeit half-dollars were passed extensively of late in Massachusetts.

Carrie Nation was fined $100 and given thirty days in jail for disorders in Topeka, Kan., during her March raids.

Four burglaries in one week is the record against ten-year-old John Engelmeyer, of Austin, Ill., two horses being part of his plunder.

Burglars seized a bundle of notes in the City National Bank, of Dayton, Ohio, by using hooks.

After a wild life for several weeks, Mordecai F. Washburn, a wealthy brick manufacturer of Haverstraw, N. Y., fatally shot himself.

Pardons were granted four prisoners at Newburyport, Mass., for helping Deputy Sheriff Ayers when attacked in jail by other prisoners.

By the ruling of the fourth Appellate Division in Rochester, N. Y., a woman is entitled to all the profits which may accrue from her beauty.

The missionaries of the American board will return to North China to resume work in the early fall.

On the Midway of the Pan-American Exposition, at Buffalo, N. Y., Ernesto Z. Zeorzaya killed himself after attempting to murder a concessionaire.

All saloons in Fort Scott, Kan., were ordered closed and the mandate was obeyed.

Greek and Austrian railroad graders met at Sydney, Neb., in deadly combat. Six Greeks were wounded and one Austrian was killed. A drunken row was the beginning of the difficulty.

FOREIGN.

Floods caused the collapse of a tenement at Lemberg, Austria. Thirty-three persons were killed.

Premier Sagasta announced that the Spanish army will be thoroughly reorganized.

An explosion in Batoum, Russia, wrecked the centre of the town. The loss of life and property was heavy.

General Arthur Henry Paget was given a command in South Africa.

The Turkish Government refused to permit the Greek squadron to visit Smyrna, Salonica and Mount Athos on political grounds.

Shoemakers held a mass meeting at Vienna, Austria, and protested against the projected establishment of American shoe houses in that city.

France is said to have 90,000 troops on the Moorish frontier in a movement to occupy the oasis of Tafilet, and in a great battle between French and Moors near Figuig the former were victorious.

John Henderson, the well-known shipbuilder, died at Glasgow, Scotland.

Jerman Riesco was proclaimed as President of Chile.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

William K. Vanderbilt will race in the United States.

Senator Thomas C. Platt has just celebrated his sixty-eighth birthday.

Governor William D. Jelks, of Alabama, wants the office for another term.

Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock is spending his vacation salmon fishing in New Brunswick.

President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, is recuperating at a mountain retreat.

The Duke of Connaught has been installed as Grand Master of British Masons, to succeed Edward VII.

Count Adelbert Sternberg, the Austrian fighter for the Boers, captured at Paardeberg, is on a visit to the United States.

Austin Dobson, the poet, has resigned from the British Board of Trade and will receive an additional pension from the Crown.

Lord Roberts has written a letter to Miss Mary Custis Lee, in which he calls General Lee "one of the greatest soldiers of any age."

Theodore J. Shaffer, President of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, was born in Pittsburg, Penn., and is forty-five years old.

It is rumored that after the cup races Sir Thomas Lipton will sever his connection with the yachting world and will probably take to the turf for a change.

Professor Ernst Haeckel, the famous naturalist, will give up lecturing at the University of Jena, where he has been Professor of Zoology since 1865, owing to the condition of his health. He was born in 1834.

General Fitzhugh Lee has told his friends that he will soon retire and settle down near Richmond, Va., and engage in a business "of an industrial character." Further than this he declines to explain.

LABOR WORLD.

There are 37,543 postoffice employes in London.

Machinists at Peoria, Ill., have declared their strike off.

The Cigarmakers' International Union now has a membership of 34,000.

Three thousand threshers in Illinois have organized a Protective Association.

Carpenters in Massachusetts have generally obtained an eight-hour day without a strike.

About 200 of the employes of the Illinois Central Railroad have just been retired on pensions.

The strike of the 3500 union fishermen against the fifty salmon canneries on the Fraser River, B. C., has been settled.

Labor Commissioner Wright places the number of idle men in the United States who are willing to work at 3,500,000.

More than 2000 workers in the National Tube Works, at McKeesport, Penn., have joined the Amalgamated Association.

Telephone operators in Columbus, Ohio, have had their salaries raised twenty per cent. and the workday reduced to nine hours.

Electrical workers in Washington, D. C., will receive $3.50 a day as the result of a strike, to take effect after completion of existing contracts.

The United Mine Workers of America claim 1700 local unions, with a total membership of 224,000, by far the largest trade union on this continent.

Through the liberality of the cotton-mill owners in Charlotte, N. C., reading-rooms are to be established in the various mill settlements around the city.

Garment workers to the number of 51,600 have gone on strike for higher wages and shorter hours, to kill the sweat shop system in New York City and vicinity.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

McGinnity is now pitching great ball for Baltimore.

Mathewson belongs to the slugging corps of twirlers.

The New York Club has signed Pitcher Belleman of the Schenectady Club.

Boston is the banner city of the American League in the way of attendance.

Catcher Zimmer, of Pittsburg, has not made an error in the last twenty-nine games.

It looks as if Mercer's days as a pitcher were gone by. He has utterly failed to make good for the Washington Club.

This is Griffith's fourteenth season as a pitcher, while Foreman, of Baltimore, has been a slab artist for seventeen years.

The most versatile player in the American League is McAllister, of Detroit. He can play any position, and do it well.

If Rusie ever pitches ball again it will be in some other uniform than the Cincinnati. Rusie is at Muncie, Ind., and from all reports is taking no care of himself.

Brooklyn has braced up again, and will do better from this time out, as the regular players will soon be ready to play and the team is one of the best in the League.

Davis, the Brooklyn cast-off, leads the Pittsburg team both in fielding and batting. In sixteen games he has made twenty hits for a total of twenty-seven bases.

"Joe Quinn has played on nine championship teams," says the Washington Post, "one in St. Louis, five in Boston and three in Baltimore." Joseph's experience in this regard is probably a record.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

MILK.			
The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 2c. per quart.			
BUTTER.			
Creamery—West, extra....$	—	@$	19½
Firsts	18	@	19
Seconds	17	@	17½
State dairy tubs, extra....	18	@	18½
Imitation creamery	14	@	17
Factory finest	—	@	15
Low grades	13	@	13½
CHEESE.			
State—Full cream, fancy..	—	@	9½
Small	9¼	@	9⅝
Part skims, good to prime	5½	@	6½
Full skims	2	@	2½
EGGS.			
Jersey—Fancy	17	@	18
State and Penn.....	17	@	18
Western—Choice....	16	@	17
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow,choice,1900	—	@	2 55
Medium	—	@	2 00
Pea, choice	—	@	2 10
Red kidney, choice.....	—	@	2 25
White kidney, choice....	2 10	@	2 20
Yellow eye	2 95	@	3 00
Lima, Cal.....	—	@	4 40
Green peas, bags.....	—	@	1 20
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Huckleberries, per qt.....	3	@	9
Blackberries, per qt.....	4	@	10
Gooseberries, per qt.....	5	@	7
Peaches, N. C., per carrier	75	@	1 50
Cherries, per lb.....	4	@	6
Plums, Botan, per carrier.	1 50	@	2 00
Raspberries, per pint.....	3	@	7
Currants, per qt.....	2½	@	6
Apples, Jersey, per bbl...	75	@	2 25
Pears, Le Conte, per bbl..	2 50	@	3 50
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, per lb.....	—	@	9½
Spring chickens, per lb...	13	@	14
Roosters, per lb.....	—	@	5½
Turkeys, per lb.....	—	@	8
Ducks, per pair.....	40	@	75
Geese, per pair.....	80	@	1 25
Pigeons, per pair.....	15	@	20
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, per lb.....	7	@	8½
Fowls, Western, per lb...	9½	@	10½
Broilers, Phila., per lb....	16	@	20
Ducks, L. I., per lb.....	12	@	12½
Geese, Eastern, per lb.....	14	@	18
Squabs, per dozen.....	1 25	@	2 25
HOPS.			
State, 1900, choice, per lb.	—	@	17
Good to prime.....	15	@	16
Pacific coast, 1900, choice.	—	@	17
1899, poor to choice.....	8	@	13½
Old odds.....	1½	@	5
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay—Prime, per 100 lb....	92½	@	95
No. 1, per 100 lb.....	87½	@	90
No. 2, per 100 lb.....	85	@	87½
Straw, long rye.....	80	@	95
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, Md. Rose,per bbl	2 62	@	2 75
Long Island, per bbl....	2 00	@	2 75
Va. Chile, per bbl.....	1 75	@	2 50
Onions, Jersey, per basket	1 00	@	2 50
Orange Co., per bag.....	75	@	1 25
Cabbages, L. I., per 100...	1 50	@	3 50
Turnips, per bbl.....	1 00	@	1 50
Tomatoes, per box.....	50	@	1 50
String beans, per bushel..	1 00	@	2 25
Egg plant, per box.....	1 25	@	1 50
Peppers, per bushel.....	1 25	@	1 50
Squash, per bbl.....	1 00	@	1 50
Peas, per bag.....	1 00	@	1 50
Cucumbers, per basket....	75	@	1 25
Cauliflower, per bbl.....	1 50	@	2 00
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter patents ...	3 55	@	3 80
Spring patents	3 70	@	4 10
Wheat—No. 1 N. Duluth..	—	@	78⅞
No. 2 red.....	—	@	78⅛
Corn—No. 2	59½	@	62
Oats—No. 2 white.....	—	@	43
Track mixed	40	@	42
Rye—Western	62	@	62½
State	54	@	55
Lard, city	—	@	8.30c.
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed.....	7¼	@	9
Calves, city dressed.....	8	@	10½
Country dressed	6	@	9½
Sheep, per 100 lb.....	3 00	@	4 25
Lambs, per 100 lb.....	3 50	@	5 25
Hogs, live, per 100 lb.....	5 50	@	6 50

UNFAVORABLE CROP REPORT.

The Drought Intensified and Its Area Largely Increased.

Washington, D. C.—The regular weekly crop report of the Department of Agriculture gives the following general summary:

Intense heat has prevailed throughout the States of the Central Valleys and Middle Rocky Mountain region, with only local showers over limited scattered areas. Maximum temperatures of 100 degrees or above were of daily occurrence over more or less of the territory named. Under these conditions the drought has been greatly intensified and its area largely increased.

Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma, and portions of Nebraska have suffered most, but the conditions are now critical from the Lake region, Central Ohio Valley and Tennessee westward to the Middle Rocky Mountain region, including the greater part of Texas.

The outlook for corn is less favorable than at the close of the previous week. In Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma and Missouri early corn is practically ruined. With early and abundant rains in these States late corn would probably make half a crop or less. The condition of the crop in Iowa is more favorable than in the before-mentioned States, and in Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee, more particularly the Western portions of the last-named two States, corn is seriously in need of rain. In the Middle Atlantic States the conditions have been highly favorable for corn, and its condition is further improved.

Moisture has caused considerable injury to winter wheat in shock in the Middle Atlantic States.

Spring wheat harvest has begun over the southern portion of the spring wheat region, where, as a result of premature ripening, the yield and quality are much impaired. Over the northern portion, where the crop is now ripening, its condition continues promising.

THE CURE OF TUBERCULOSIS

Dr. Koch's Hopeful View Regarding Prevention of the Disease.

CONSUMPTION THEORIES UPSET

The Famous Expert Says That the White Plague is Neither Hereditary Nor Transmitted From Animals — Greatest Cause of Contagion is the Sputum of Afflicted Persons—A Bugbear Destroyed

London. — Professor Robert Koch's announcement before the British Congress on Tuberculosis that the disease in human beings and that in cattle were radically different and not transferable from animal to man and vice versa proved to be the most sensational feature of this remarkable meeting.

In the course of his address, Dr. Koch said his experiments had satisfied him that human tuberculosis and bovine tuberculosis were radically different diseases. He had amply demonstrated that cattle could not be infected with human tuberculosis.

PROFESSOR ROBERT KOCH.

The counter proposition, that human beings were not liable to infection from bovine tuberculosis, was harder to prove, owing to the difficulty of experimenting upon human subjects, but personally he was satisfied that it was the case. The professor recited at length post-mortem evidence supporting this belief.

Dr. Koch said that if this point were conceded, it remained to determine the chief source of contagion. Human immunity to bovine infection disposed of the belief in infection through dairy products, and he considered this source of danger so slight as to be unworthy of precautionary measures. Heredity was also an unimportant factor in the transmission of tuberculosis, though the contrary had long been believed.

Dr. Koch said the chief source of danger lay in the sputum of consumptive patients, and a remedy was to be found in a law preventing the consumptive from throwing contagion about him. Several methods to this end were available. The surest of all would be isolation in sanitariums. This, unfortunately, was impracticable, but he strongly urged the establishment of special consumptive hospitals, the obligatory notification to the authorities of the existence of the disease, the disinfection of their quarters whenever consumptives changed their residence, and the dissemination of information to the people concerning the true nature of consumption as an aid in avoiding and combatting it.

Dr. Koch highly complimented Dr. Herman M. Biggs, pathologist and director of the bacteriological laboratories of the New York City Health Department, upon the repressive measures in regard to tuberculosis taken in New York City, where, he said, the mortality from tuberculosis had been reduced thirty-five per cent. since 1886. He recommended the system organized by Dr. Biggs in New York City to the study and imitation of all municipalities.

Dr. Koch closed his remarks by expressing his belief that the ultimate stamping out of tuberculosis was possible.

PEKIN DEAD-LOCK ENDED.

Ministers Reach Agreement as to the Payment of the Indemnity.

Washington, D. C.—The State Department received a dispatch from Commissioner Rockhill, in Pekin, announcing that a plan for the payment of the indemnity to the Powers by the Chinese Government finally had been adopted. Amortization of the bonds to be issued will begin in 1902, and the plan contemplates the entire liquidation of both principal and interest by 1940.

It is expected that China will raise $15,180,000 annually. This sum is to be used to pay the interest on the bonds and to form a sinking fund for the ultimate liquidation of the principal.

CHICAGO SELLING VEGETABLES.

Supplying Home-Grown Products to Drought-Stricken Sections.

Chicago.—From four to six carloads of vegetables are now being shipped from Chicago daily to drought-stricken section of Illinois and Missouri, which ordinarily supply this market with produce of this character. The shipments consist of home-grown vegetables. Buyers have come here from Kansas City, Centralia and various other places.

STATE NEWS BUDGET.

Death Panic at a Funeral.

While in a room crowded with friends taking a farewell look at little Annie, the infant daughter of George Budah, at McKeesport, one of the mourners accidentally upset one of the burning candles near the casket and in an instant the little white coffin was ablaze. The women in the room became frantic and a number fainted. The mother pulled the corpse from the burning casket and ran frantically about the room. Her clothing caught fire from the dead child's dress and she was fatally burned. Water was thrown on the burning corpse, but not until the child's face and head had been burned black. The charred remains were interred in St. Joseph's Cemetery.

Relic of Wyoming Massacre Found.

A twenty-pound cannon ball, believed to have been used in the attack against Forty Fort at the time of the Wyoming massacre, during the Revolution, was found seven feet below the surface at West Pittston. The relic was covered with rust two inches thick. It was found by John Jones while digging a sewer. He will present it to the Wyoming Historical Society.

State Wants New Reservation.

The State Forestry Commission is negotiating for the purchase of Mont Alto Park and adjoining lands owned by the Mont Alto Iron Company. The limit of expenditure for its purchase is about $7 per acre, and if the owners will accept that price it is said the Commission will make the purchase. The State wants to set this land aside as a forest reservation.

Big Haul by Clairvoyants.

Two strangers who went to Easton about two weeks ago and represented themselves as Professors S. Ross and Richmond, clairvoyants, are missing. It is believed they secured about $1000 from patrons. One aged woman informed the police that she had given them $100; another gave them sixty-eight dollars, and a third fifteen dollars.

Won in Her Race With Death.

In order to see her husband before she died, Mrs. Frank Drouch, of Hungary, traveled 6000 miles to Allentown and arrived there in an exhausted condition a few weeks before her death, which has just occurred. She was twenty-three years of age, and suffered from consumption. She leaves two small children in her native land.

Reappointed by the Governor.

Governor Stone has made the following re-appointments: State Board of Charities, P. C. Boyle, Oil City, and William B. Gill, Philadelphia; Board of Managers Western Penitentiary, D. B. Oliver, Pittsburg; Superintendent of Public Printing, Thomas G. Sample, Allegheny; State Board of Agriculture, H. A. Grippe, Tyrone.

Accused of Killing His Father.

Accused of the murder of Farmer Dealton Peckham, at Cranesville last January, his son, Floyd Peckham, ten years of age, has been arrested. Young Peckham has been suspected since the murder was committed, and the authorities have just discovered the evidence which they believe will fasten the crime upon him.

Losing Speculator Self-Slain.

Harry T. Bleckley, a prominent citizen of Allentown, and a veteran of the Civil War, committed suicide in the bath-room of his home by taking poison. He was about sixty years of age. It is believed that he lost considerable money in stock speculation and that the loss worried him.

Storms Lower Wheat Crop's Value.

The recent storms damaged York County wheat crop, estimated at 1,800,000 bushels, so badly that millers and grain dealers are grading all new wheat as No. 2, for which they pay only sixty cents per bushel. Old No. 1 wheat brings sixty-five cents.

Sharon Annexes a Suburb.

The petition of property owners of South Sharon, asking to be annexed to Sharon, has been accepted by council. This will give the old municipality a population of 18,000. An application for a charter for a third-class city will be made.

All Through the State.

V. J. Kuhns has resigned as postmaster at Pawling.

Chester County peaches are appearing in the markets.

Phoenixville letter carriers have adopted shirt waists.

Oil is said to have been discovered in the hills at Delta.

Lehigh is one of the few counties in the State that has no debt.

It is proposed to build a bridge over the Cacoosing at Montello.

William Craig was appointed fourth-class postmaster at Greenwood.

Burglars blew open the safe of the Tulpehocken flour mills and secured $200.

Professor W. C. McClellan has been elected principal of the Shippensburg public schools.

Struck by a train at Lock Haven Mrs. Joseph Poorman was almost instantly killed.

Two chemical engines and hose wagons will be added to Reading's fire department.

There are 42,417 school children in Berks County, a decrease of 661 compared with a year ago.

A new stone meeting house, fifty-three by thirty-three feet, will be erected at West Grove by the Friends.

Mayor Gibson, of York, has approved the $30,000 loan for a new fire engine house, chemical engine and hose

THE NEW MAINE AFLOAT

Ceremonies Accompanying the Launching at Cramps' Shipyard.

SENTIMENTAL INTEREST AROUSED

The Namesake of the Battleship Destroyed in Havana Harbor Christened by Miss Anderson, of Portland — The Governor of Maine and His Staff in Attendance—Dimensions of the Boat

Philadelphia. — The new battleship Maine, designed to be bigger, stronger and faster than her namesake, whose shapeless mass still lies in the harbor of Havana, was launched at the yards of the William Cramp's Sons' Ship and Engine Building Company. One of the largest crowds that has ever seen a warship leave the ways at Cramps' yard was on hand, and patriotism ran wild as the ship left her cradle.

Launchings of warships at the Cramps' yards have been so frequent that in late years such events have lost much of their attractive power. The presence of the immense crowd at this launching was largely due to the fact that the new ship bears the name of the ill-fated Maine. Kensington, the great industrial section wherein the shipyard is situated, took a holiday and attended the launch.

Although the number of invited guests was not as large as usual, there was a good attendance of naval and civilian officials. The State of Maine was officially represented by Governor Hill and members of his staff. From Washington came Rear-Admirals Bradford, Melville and Walker; Lieutenant-Commander Bailey, Captain Leary, former Governor of Guam, and a number of bureau chiefs of the Navy Department.

President McKinley, Secretary Long, Admiral Dewey, Captain Sigsbee and other naval dignitaries who received invitations were unable to attend. It was the intention to have some of the survivors of the Maine witness the launch, but none was present.

The honor of naming the ship was given to Miss Mary Preble Anderson, of Portland, Me., a descendant of the Preble family that has added fame to the naval honors of the country.

At 10.25 Miss Anderson stepped upon the stand that had been erected at the bow of the hull. She was escorted by Henry S. Cramp, and was accompanied by Governor Hill, his staff, her parents and several members of her family. Before she arrived the knocking away of the blocks from under the great mass of steel had begun, and all was ready when the tide slacked. Then the shoe piece, the last timber that held the slip, was sawed in twain, and the vessel began to move. Before she had reached a foot Miss Anderson, true to custom, struck the bow of the Maine a blow with the bottle of champagne and formally named her.

After the launch an informal luncheon was served in the mould loft of the shipyard.

The Maine is fifty-six per cent. finished. Her keel was laid in April, 1899, and the ship will be ready for transfer to the Government in eighteen months or two years' time. This, however, will depend upon the rapidity with which armor plates will be delivered.

The Maine is a sister ship of the Ohio, recently launched at the Union Iron Works, San Francisco, and of the Missouri, at the Newport News shipyard. She is 388 feet long on the load waterline, seventy-two feet two and one-half inches extreme breadth, and at a mean draught of twenty-three feet six inches displaces 12,230 tons. The main battery of the ship will consist of four twelve-inch and sixteen six-inch guns. Besides this, she will carry eight fourteen-pounders, eight three-pounders and eight one-pounders, and machine guns. She will also be supplied with two submerged torpedo tubes. The Maine will be required to maintain a speed of eighteen knots an hour. The contract price of the hull and machinery alone is $2,899,000. Her complement is thirty-five officers and 511 men.

PLANTING IN KANSAS.

Farmers Turn Their Attention to Garden Produce and Forage.

Topeka, Kan.—The farmers of Kansas participated in a great race to towns and villages to purchase garden and forage seeds. No such demand was ever before made upon the dealers. The copious rains of the night before had put the earth in condition for planting, and burned cornfields and vegetable gardens will soon give way to Kaffir corn, turnips, cabbage and other vegetables that will mature before frost.

The farmers will drill this seed between the rows of burned Indian corn for feed for cattle. It is the best forage for stock known in this section.

BOERS LIVED IN CAVES.

Well-Furnished and Well-Stocked Hiding Places in the Lydenburg District.

Pretoria.—From July 1 to July 23 the number of Boers captured, wounded or who surrendered was 1068.

Caves that were occupied by Boers have been discovered in the Lydenburg district. They were hurriedly vacated by their occupants when the British approached. The caves were well furnished and stocked with provisions. A quantity of silks and satins were also found in them, and it is supposed that these were looted from stores.

INSANE MAN'S VENGEANCE

Kills a Man Who Sent Him to an Asylum—Shoots Five Others.

Merchant Was Slain, a Doctor, Police Sergeant, Detective, Policeman and Laborer Wounded.

Leavenworth, Kan.—Michael Kelly, an insane man, at the office of the Robert Garrett Lumber Company, shot six people, killing one, probably fatally wounding another, and more or less seriously wounding the four others. He was himself finally killed by officers who tried to overpower him.

The victims are: John R. Garrett, aged forty, junior member of the firm of Robert Garrett Lumber Company, died at the hospital; Dr. Charles McGee, aged thirty, shot in the back and probably fatally wounded; William Dodge, Police Sergeant, shot in the neck, wounds serious; Michael McDonald, detective, shot in the leg, slight; Joseph Falthager, policeman, shot in the hand, wound slight; Ike Healer, laborer at the lumber yard, shot in the hand, wound slight.

Kelly had lived in Leavenworth for years, and at different times had engaged in minor business enterprises. He was eccentric, and during the Presidential campaign in 1896 lost his mind entirely. At that time he threatened to kill Garrett. He was arrested and adjudged insane, Garrett and four others testifying against him. After a year in the Topeka Asylum Kelly was released. He had been acting queerly again, and had declared that he would kill the five men who sent him to the asylum. For two weeks past he has been practising shooting with a revolver daily at the Fort Leavenworth range.

A few days ago he drank heavily. Soon after 12 o'clock he appeared at Garrett's office, and without warning shot Garrett as he sat at his desk. Garrett fell to the floor, and Kelly deliberately fired four more shots into the prostrate form. Kelly then ran to the rear of the company's lumber yard and began reloading his revolver. Presently he returned to the office to find Dr. McGee, who had been attracted by the shooting, bending over Garrett. Leveling his revolver, Kelly took aim at the physician and fired. The bullet struck McGee in the spine, and he toppled over near where Garrett lay.

Then followed an exciting street fight between the madman and officers who came upon the scene. Kelly, flourishing his revolver, dashed through the lumber yard. He met Ike Healer, a laborer, and shot him in the hand. A few yards further on he encountered Sergeant Dodge. The two exchanged shots as they ran. One bullet from Kelly's revolver struck Dodge in the neck, but not before the officer had shot Kelly in the shoulder. Kelly kept running and was soon confronted by Detective McDonald and Officer Falthager. McDonald dropped Kelly with a bullet in the neck. Dodge raised his revolver, but it failed to work, and, catching up with the murderer, he crushed his skull with the weapon.

Kelly was carried to the station in an unconscious condition, dying soon after his arrival there.

HIS DAINTY LOVE GREW FAT.

Now She Wants $5000 Becauses He Won't Marry Her.

Bowling Green, Ky. — Miss Stella Emslie has sued her fiancee, a prominent young farmer, for $5000, because he refuses to marry her.

In his answer the defendant sets forth that the Stella of to-day is not the Stella whom he promised to marry eight years ago. He pleads that at that time she was one of the fairest and weighed 125 pounds. Now she weighs 319 pounds.

He says that he, being a small man, would suffer exceedingly with such a huge mate, and he could no longer hold her on his knees and caress her as he is alleged to have done in the happy days when Stella Emslie was just a nice armful.

HANGED NEGRO IN CITY PARK.

West Virginia Mob Quickly Avenges the Shooting of an Officer.

Elkins, W. Va. — William Brooks, colored, was hanged to the limb of a tree in the City Park here, while Chief of Police Robert Lilly lay dying in a Cumberland (Md.) hospital from the effects of a bullet wound inflicted by the colored man.

The negro shot Lilly when the officer was trying to place him under arrest. The colored man then fled, but later was captured. A mob gathered, and as the negro was being taken to jail the angry citizens took him from the officers and hanged him to a tree.

Fifteen Persons Killed by Explosion.

An explosion in the harbor at Stockholm, Sweden, of petroleum on board the American schooner Louise Adelaide, Captain Orr, killed the Captain, ten members of the schooner's crew, and four Swedish Customs officials. Two of the crew were saved. The explosion set the schooner afire, and the blazing petroleum enveloped the vessel and those on board.

Found Fifty New Fishes.

President David Starr Jordan, of the Stamford University, Cal., has returned from Hawaii, where he has been studying the fisheries and fishes of the islands. About 240 species have been collected and classified, fifty of which are new to science.

Lost on the Matterhorn.

The Matterhorn has claimed its first victims for this year. Three English tourists and one or more guides fell down a precipice on the Italian side.

SCHLEY COURT OF INQUIRY

Secretary Long Grants the Rear-Admiral's Request.

ADMIRAL DEWEY WILL PRESIDE

Statements in Maclay's Naval History the Ground of Rear-Admiral Schley's Action—Court, Consisting of Three Members, May Meet Early in September — Points Investigation Will Cover.

Washington, D. C.—Secretary Long received a letter from Rear-Admiral Schley, calling attention to the criticisms against him contained in Maclay's "History of the Navy," and the inuendoes which have appeared in the press for several days, and stating that, in his opinion, the time had now come to take such action as would bring the entire matter under the "clear and calm review of his brothers in arms." He asked that the Department take such action as was deemed best to accomplish this purpose.

Although Rear-Admiral Schley did not ask specifically for a court of inquiry, but left the action to be taken to the judgment of the Department, the Secretary decided that such a court would be the best means of making the investigation which the Rear-Admiral had requested.

After a conference with Admiral Dewey, Secretary Long said that he had not had time to decide upon the composition of the court, but in response to a question as to whether Admiral Dewey would serve upon such a court, if requested to do so, the Secretary said:

"Admiral Dewey will do his duty."

Although no positive declaration was given on this point, it was assumed about the Navy Department that Admiral Dewey will be president of the court, which will inquire into the whole controversy concerning Admiral Schley's action during the Spanish War.

There also is an impression that the two other members of the court will be retired naval officers, or at least officers who had no connection with the Santiago campaign.

The court of inquiry probably will not proceed with its work until fall.

Following is the text of the correspondence between Rear-Admiral Schley and Secretary Long:

"Great Neck, Long Island, N. Y.:

"Sir—Within the past few days a series of press comments have been sent to me from various parts of the country of a book entitled 'The History of the Navy,' written by one Edgar Stanton Maclay. From these reviews it appears that this edition is a third volume of the said history, extended to include the late war with Spain, which the two first volumes did not contain, and were in use as text-books at the naval academy.

"2. From excerpts quoted in some reviews, in which the page and paragraph are given, there is such perversion of facts, misconstruction of intention, such intemperate abuse and defamation of myself as subject Mr. Maclay to action in civil law.

"While I admit the right of fair criticism of every public officer, I must protest against the low flings and abusive language of this violent, partisan opponent, who has infused into the pages of his book so much of the malice of unfairness as to make it unworthy the name of history or of use in any reputable institution of the country.

"3. I have refrained heretofore from all comment upon the inuendoes of enemies, muttered or murmured in secret, and therefore with safety to themselves. I think the time has now come to take such action as may bring this entire matter under discussion under the clearer and calmer review of my brothers in arms, and to this end I ask such action at the hands of the Department as it may deem best to accomplish this purpose.

"4. But I would express the request in this connection, whatever the action may be, that it occur in Washington, where most of my papers and data are stored. Very respectfully,

W. S. SCHLEY,
"Rear-Admiral U. S. N.

"To the Secretary of the Navy, Washington, D. C."

"Navy Department, Washington.

"Sir—I am in receipt of yours of the 22d inst., with reference to the criticisms upon you in connection with the Spanish-American war, and heartily approve of your action, under the circumstances, in asking at the hands of this Department 'such action as may bring this entire matter under discussion under the clearer and calmer review of my brothers in arms.' The Deparement will at once proceed in accordance with your request. Very respectfully, JOHN D. LONG.

"Rear-Admiral W. S. Schley, U. S. N."

With respect to the matters to be inquired into by the court of inquiry the Post says that it might be difficult to state briefly the exact questions which will come before the court, but that Admiral Schley condensed them in a letter written to Senator Hale, Chairman of the Senate Committee on Naval Affairs, on February 18, 1899. This letter divides the criticisms of himself into four heads, as follows:

First—The alleged delay off Cienfuegos, Cuba.

Second—The alleged slow progress toward Santiago de Cuba from Cienfuegos.

Third — The retrograde movements on May 26 and 27. (This refers to the turning of the fleet from Santiago toward Key West).

Fourth—The battle of Santiago and the destruction of Cervera's fleet.

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE, - - Editor & Proprietor.

THE "ITEM" WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS.....50
THREE MONTHS.....25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa. as second-class matter.

TROUGH CREEK.

Grain and hay hauling goes slow.

Mrs. Kurts, nee Greenland, is visiting in the valley.

Myrtle Wright, of Mapleton, is spending a few days with grandparents.

A. W. Wright and wife spent Sunday and Monday with friends in Henderson township.

Martin L. Dill, of Pittsburg, a former highly respected citizen of our valley, was calling on some of his many friends hereaways last week.

Mr. Barr is carrying the mail himself this week. We would be glad to have him continue as he is an intelligent and accommodating gentleman.

Misses Ida and Emma Chilcott started on an extended visit westward last week. Their first point is Chicago, thence, to Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska and probably in Ohio on their way home.

A very heavy rain crossed our valley last week. It was the heaviest in the vicinity of Curt. Greenland's, J. F. and O. T. Swope's and from there it went in the direction of Mapleton.

I am glad to learn that the school board of Mapleton has elected Harper Swope as principal of their school. They acted wisely. Harper is a fine scholar and the possessor of all the qualifications necessary to make a first class young man.

We are glad to see the announcement of our neighbor, J. C. Wright, as a candidate for poor director. Mr. Wright is a successful farmer which is an essential qualification for a director and fully capable of performing other duties connected with the office.

COLE'S SUMMIT.

Hay making is not over yet.

Berries are scarce here this season.

Charley Smith, of Altoona, paid his garents a visit recently.

Samuel Smith and wife, of Washington, D. C., are circulating among friends here the past few days.

E. L. Chilcote and Howard Chilcote have left for Pittsburg where they expect to find employment.

Kimmel, the great saw mill man, seems to have trouble to keep hands. Nearly all his men have left him.

Daniel Locke, of Rayshill tunnel, has concluded to build himself a shanty secure from snakes and keep bachelor's hall.

Wilmer McKim, one of the best young men in this neck of woods, has secured employment with Harry Taylor on the upper division.

Mrs. Thomas Smith intends removing to the bustling little town of Mt. Union where she will be engaged in keeping boarders in the near future.

No one needs a housekeeper more than our friend, Washington Green. Will not some one of the fair sex have pity on him especially when he has a cage to put his bird in.

H. F. Hess has gone to Long Hollow to see his father who is ill. He thinks he will take in the sights at Buffalo before he returns. Bernie Long is in charge of Cole's station while Mr. Hess is absent. Bernie is allright. We are glad to have him here.

ORBISONIA.

Everybody is busy trying to keep cool.

"Are you going to the G. A. R. picnic next Saturday?" is the daily question.

The Baptist Sabbath school, recently started, is growing in interest as well as numbers.

Orbisonia has many attractions if one can judge from the many visitors that come and go.

Mr. Querry and Charley Stake, of Saltillo, were visible on our streets on Sunday evening last.

Wm. Crum is the most energetic man in town. He is never idle. This is more than all men can say.

We are sorry to note the relapse of Joseph Clark who was recovering from an attack of typhoid fever.

Mrs. George Naugle and two children are off for a little trip to Mapleton to take in the sights of that city.

Miss Ethel Moore, of Waterstreet, expects to leave in a few days for a visit of ten days in Altoona, Pitcairn and other points.

The ladies aid society of the U. B. church held a very successful entertainment and social in the church on the evening of July 23d.

We think we have the busiest boys in Orbisonia through vacation. Swimming, fishing and gathering berries keep them at it from early morn until night.

TODD.

Spencer Horton, of Altoona, is visiting friends in this section.

We are sorry to learn Miss Agusta McClain is still growing weaker.

Isaac Querry, of Hare's valley, spent Sunday with his uncle, Oliver Curtman.

Misses Anna and Eunice Corbin Sundayed with their grandmother, Mrs. Katie Heeter.

Miss Eva Forshey, of James Creek, spent Saturday and Sunday with J. A. Crownover's family.

The Trough Creek Sabbath school will hold a picnic at the Beavertown grove, Saturday, August 17th.

While our huxter, Mr. Shell, was making his round last week he was taken suddenly ill and had to remain at the home of J. A. Cook till Monday. D. A. Griffith was summoned to complete the trip.

LATTA GROVE.

L. E. Dell is on the sick list.

Ed. Miller has gone to Indiana.

Isaac Dell has his hay all in the barn.

George D. Lynn is helping O. M. Stever put up his hay.

M. L. Stever, of Cassville, hauled a wagon load of sheep to W. G. Taylor's.

Miss Effie, youngest daughter of Isaac Dell, is spending a few days with friends at Reedsville.

John H. Crownover has been missing his chickens of late. Farmers had better look out for chicken thieves.

Should it rain on the 10th of August, Camp No. 662, P. O. S. of A., will hold their picnic and festival in the hall.

H. A. Monihen claims he has killed the largest rattlesnake that has been killed this year. It was four feet three inches long and as thick as a man's leg.

The Best Remedy for Stomach and Bowel Troubles.

"I have been in the drug business for twenty years and have sold most all of the proprietary medicines of any note. Among the entire list I have never found anything to equal Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for all stomach and bowel troubles," says O. W. Wakefield, of Columbus, Ga. "This remedy cured two severe cases of cholera morbus in my family and I have recommeded and sold hundreds of bottles of it to my customers to their entire satisfaction. It affords a quick and sure cure in a pleasant form." For sale by J. G. Gillam.

Reunion of White Family.

The descendants of Thomas White, their relatives and friends are urged to meet in reunion and basket picnic at Coalmont, Pa., Friday, August 9, 1901.

To meet promptly on picnic grounds near station at 10 o'clock a. m.

Each descendant is to wear a white ribbon. Register name as soon as arriving; shake hands with everybody; renewing and forming acquaintances until 12 o'clock noon.

Dinner 12 to 1.30

2 p. m.—Meet at speaker's stand; illustrated and oral history of Thomas White and descendants; impromptu speeches; business meetings in regard to future reunions. Program interspersed with music.

General handshaking and leave-taking.

Train arrives at Coalmont from Saxton at 10 a. m.; train leaves Coalmont for Saxton at 4.35 p. m.

Please forwards news to any who might be missed.

Officers—Jonathan Evans, president; Jesse Horton, vice preident; Chas. K. Horton, treasurer; j. F. Evans, secretary.

Committee—E. H. White, Harry Cook, I. N. Horton, Grant Edwards, Mrs Lizzie Cornelius, Miss Blanche Young.

A Poor Millionaire.

Lately starved in London because he could not digest his food. Early use of Dr. King's New Life Pills would have saved him. They strengthen the stomach, aid digestion, promote assimilation, improve appetite. Price 25c. Money back if not satisfied. Sold by W. H. Spangler.

For Director of the Poor.

To the Republican Voters:

In line with a policy that has governed in the Republican party of Huntingdon county for many years, that of giving Directors of the Poor a second term, I submit my candidacy to your consideration and respectfully solicit your valuable support and influence at the primaries next Saturday, August 3d, for which I will be very thankful. I have been a lifelong, unfaltering Republican. If re-nominated and re-elected, I pledge you a faithful, economical and honest administration of my official duties, and remain

Respectfully yours,
C. K. HORTON,

Broad Top City, Pa., July 31, 1901.

You can never cure dyspepsia by dieting. What your body needs is plenty of good food properly digested. Then if your stomach will not digest it, Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will. It contains all of the natural digestants hence must digest every class of food and so prepare it that nature can use it in nourishing the body and replacing the waste tissues, thus giving life, health, strength, ambition, pure blood and good healthy appetite. W. H. Spangler, J. L. Houck.

Card from Dr. Harman.

To the Republicans of Huntingdon Co,:

I am a candidate for the office of Coroner and will thank you very much for your support and influence at the primaries on Saturday next, August 3d. The duties of a Coroner concern only the dead, persons who have been accidentally killed or murdered or who have committed suicide, and on whose bodies post-mortem examinations are held. A physician, by reason of his professional training, is better able to arrive at the cause of death than a layman, a fact which is pretty generally recognized, and has resulted in the election of a physician who is a candidate for Coroner at the primaries in this county.

Hoping to receive your support and influence, and thanking you in advance for the same, I remain,

Respectfully yours,
GEO. G. HARMAN.

"I wish to truthfully state to you and the readers of these few lines that your Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is without question, the best and only cure for dyspepsia that I have ever come in contract with and I have used many other preparations." John Beam, West Middlesex, Pa. No preparation equals Kodol Dyspepsia Cure as it contains all natural digestants. It will digest all kinds of food and can't help but do you good. W. H. Spangler, J. L. Houck.

For County Surveyor

H. H. Swope, of Mapleton, candidate for re-election to the office of County Surveyor, a true and tried official and with whom no person can find fault. He being familiar with the lines and surveys in the various parts of the county, is the best evidence, that he should be re-nominated and re-elected, as this oftentimes is a great saving to persons needing the services of a surveyor. Another reason of still more importance is that Mr. Swope has always been very moderate in his charges. The office is not a fat paying one by any means and to take chances on a new and untried surveyor whom the people throughout the county, mostly farmers, employ and pay, would be a mistake. Mr. Swope has been a Republican all his life, never wavering in the support of the ticket nominated, and he should be nominated by a large majority on Tuesday, August 6th as an appreciation of his service in the past.

Lower End Republican.

"I am indebted to One Minute Cough Cure for my present good health and my life. I was treated in vain by doctors for lung trouble following la grippe. I took One Minute Cough Cure and recovered my health." Mr. E. H. Wise, Madison, Ga. W. H. Spangler, J. L. Houck.

For Director of the Poor.

To the Republicans of Huntingdon County:

For twenty years or more the Republicans of Huntingdon county have given the Director of the Poor a nomination for the second term, practically without a contest. Among the men who were accorded such consideration are H. C. Crownover, of Barree township; Geo. W. Taylor, of Cass township, and Robert Mason, of Smithfield township, all well known Republicans. Director of the Poor being a two-term office, Charles K. Horton, of Broad Top City, asks the same consideration that was shown his predecessors for many years, and I think it should be accorded him. He is a good man, an efficient officer, and an economical one—a man who does his duty fearlessly, humanely and honestly. His location is in his favor. Director Madden lives in the extreme lower end, Mr. Mason near Huntingdon, and Mr. Horton on Broad Top, so that each district gets it proper attention. Mr. Horton is one of the old Republican war horses of Huntingdon county, a man who has never been anything else than a Republican, and who never will be anything else than a Republican. Give the veteran fighter what was given his predecessors for twenty years—a second term.

BROAD TOP.

Those famous little pills, DeWitt's Little Early Risers compel your liver and bowels to do their duty, thus giving you pure, rich blood to recuperate your body. Are easy to take. Never gripe. W. H. Spangler, J. L. Houck.

Estray.

A white heifer, two years old, having red neck, red face iwith white heart in forehead and a small teat growing from left hind teat, has strayed into the mountains. I will pay a liberal reward for her return.

M. L. NEICE,
Mapleton Depot, Pa.

July 30, 1901. 2t.

Summer Perspiration Nature's Beautifier.

The summer time is the golden opportunity for the girl troubled with pimples and comedones. The torrid heat offers an efficacious substitute for the Turki h or Russian bath. The healthy streams of perspiration with which Dame Nature strives to eradicate these facial blemishes should never be damned by the opposing powder rag. Rather encourage the very friendly drop which adds its tiny share in promoting the health and purity of the complexion.

I am reminded here of a young girl, says the Ledger Monthly, who has happily been cured of some very disfiguring pimples of the chronic type which physicians had prescribed for in vain. One intolerably hot day she tried to catch a nap in the attic where the temperature equalled the hot room of the Turkish baths.

A member of the family called her to come down to cooler quarters.

"Oh, no," she replied, "this is part of the cure! I am told that I must perspire!" and she resolutely turned a deaf ear to all expostulations. When last seen that girl had a complexion without a blemish.

The piles that annoy you so will be quickly and permanently healed if you use DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Beware of worthless counterfeits. W. H. Spangler, J. L. Houck.

It Dazzles the World

No Discovery in medicine has ever created one quarter of the excitement that has been caused by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It's severest tests have been on hopeless victims of Consumption, Pneumonia, Hemorrhage, Pleurisy and Bronchitis, thousands of whom it has restored to perfect health. For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup, Hay Fever, Hoarseness and Whooping Cough it is the quickest, surest cure in the world. It is sold by W. H. Spangler who guarantee satisfaction or refund money. Large bottles 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free.

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Eat
FISHER'S
BREAD

When in Huntingdon and you want a nice lunch or meal,

Go to Fisher's Restaurant

A full line of choice Candies, Cakes, Nuts, etc.

Call and see my line.

GEO. W. FISHER,
417 Penn Street,
Huntingdon, Pa.

UNION NATIONAL BANK
OF HUNTINGDON.
No. 113 Fourth St.

K. ALLEN LOVELL, President.
E. M. GREENE, Vice President.
R. J. MATTERN, Cashier

DIRECTORS.

J. C. Hazlett, E. M. Greene, R. J. Mattern, K. A. Lovell and John White.

Regular Discount Day—WEDNESDAY.

Deposits received subject to check. Collections made in all parts of the world, and a regular banking business transacted. Accounts with corporations, firms, individuals, and the business public generally, opened on most favorable terms. B13z.

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In Public Estimation.
THE SMITH PREMIER TYPEWRITER.

It has won its way around the world on Real Merit.

THE SMITH PREMIER.....

marks the very highest point reached in writing machine mechanism.

It is the most durable writing machine made, and being good at every point in its superior construction does the best work for the longest time and thoroughly satisfies buyer and user.

PRINTED MATTER FREE.

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No. 23 South Eighth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

SPRING
IS HERE

AND I have added some new goods and my prices are right.

Women's and Misses vests, 5c. up to 20c.

Men's Gauze Shirts, 25c.

Men's Gauze Drawers, 25c,

Men's Pants, 80c. up to $1.95.

Youths' Pants, 50c. up to $1.00; Knee Pants, 25c. and 50c.

I ALSO keep screen doors, screens for windows, oil window shades 30c. and 35c., 7-ft. shades 50 cents.

I STILL keep a full stock of Groceries, Flour and Feed, and Cured Meats. Keep a good stock of Shoes.

THANKING you for your past patronage, and if you want anything in our line, come and see us and we will treat you right.

Produce taken in exchange for goods.

M. P. TRUAX,
MAPLETON, PA.

THE "ITEM"
$1.00 per Year.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., July 31, 1901.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 27, 1901.

	P.M.	Night.	A.M	A.M.	A.M.	P.M*
New York....	8.00	12.15	.....	.....	9.30	.....
Philadelphia.	11.20	4.25	7.12	8.40	12.25	5.30
Washington...	10.40	.....	.....	7.50	10.50	.....
Baltimore.....	11.41	4.45	.....	8.37	11.45	.....

	D'ly A.M	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. P. M.	Dly P.M.
Harrisburg.....	3.00	8.00	11.48	11.45	3.45	5.00
Rockville	....	8.12	11.59	.....	.....	5.13
Marysville.....	3.14	8.17	12.03	.....	.....	5.18
Duncannon.....	3.28	8.35	12.16	.....	4.10	5.34
Newport	3.50	9.05	12.37	.....	4.30	6.02
Millerstown.		9.14	12.45	.....	.....	6.11
Thompsontown		9.23	12.53	.....	.....	6.21
Port Royal.....	4.23	9.40	1.07	.....	4.57	6.38
Mifflin	4.28	9.45	1.11	.....	5.02	6.43
Lewistown Jc.	4.50	10.08	1.30	1.10	5.22	7.07
McVeytown....	5.12	10.33	1.48	.....	r5.42	7.30
N. Hamilton...	5.31	10.54	2.04	.....	.....	7.50
Mount Union...	5.37	11.00	2.08	.....	6.03	7.56
Mapleton.	5.43	11.06	2.14	.....	.....	8.02
Huntingdon, ...	6.00	11.25	2.29	2.01	6.22	8.20
Petersburg	6 17	11.39	2.43	.....	.....	8.33
Birmingham ...	6.45	12.04	3.07	h234	16.54	8.56
Tyrone.	6.52	12.10	3.12	2.40	6.59	9.02
Bellwood.....	7.17	12.31	3.29	.....	7.18	9.20
Altoona.	7.40	12.50	3.45	3.10	7.35	9.35
Pittsburg.....	12.10	5.50	8.40	6.55	11.30	1.50
	P.M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P.M

Harrisburg 10.25, Marysville 10.39, Duncannon 10.51, Newport 11.12, Millerstown, f11.19, Mifflin f11.44, Lewistown Junction 12.02, p. m., Huntingdon 12.58, Tyrone 1.32, Altoona 2.00, Pittsburg 5.30 a. m.

"h" stops to take on passengers for Pittsburg and beyond.

"r" stops on signal to receive or let off passengers Sundays only.

"l" stops on signal to let off passengers from points east and south of Harrisburg, and to take on passengers for Pittsburg and beyond.

	Week days A.M.	D'ly. A. M.	D'ly. A. M.	Dly P.M.	D'ly. P. M.	D'ly P. M.
Pittsburg.....		3.00	8.00		12.45	4.50
Altoona.....	4.40	7.10	11.40	2.05	5.55	9.05
Bellwood.....	4.52	7.25	11.52	2.19	6.10	9.19
Tyrone	5.04	7.43	12.03	2.35	6.27	9.33
Birmingham .	5.08	7.48	g1207	2.40	6.32	x9 38
Petersburg ...	5.25	8.12		3.03	6.56	
Huntingdon....	5.37	8.25	12.35	3.17	7.10	10.12
Mapleton.	5.51	8.42		3.35	7.24	
Mt. Union.....	5.56	8.48	12.54	3.42	7.29	10.32
N, Hamilton...	6.01	8.53		3.47	7.34	
McVeytown....	6.17	9.10	f1.14	4.08	7.51	
Lewiston Jc....	6.38	9.30	1.33	4.33	8.10	11.16
Mifflin.....	6.58	9.51	1.50	4.55	8.30	11.37
Port Royal... ..	7.02	9.54		5.00	8.34	
Thompsontown	7.17	10.09		5.18	8.48	
Millerstown. ...	7.26	10.17		5.28	8.57	
Newport.....	7.35	10.27	2.24	5.39	9.05	
Duncannon....	8.00	10.49	2.44	6.08	9.29	
Marysville	8.13	11.02	2.56	6.26	9.43	
Rockville.	8.18	11.07		6.32	9.48	
Harrisburg.....	8.30	11.20	3.10	6.45	10.00	1.00

Pittsburg 3.00, Altoona 6.25, Tyrone 6.47, Huntingdon 7.17, Lewistown Junction 8.05, Harrisburg 9.30 A. M. daily.

	P.M.	P. M.	P. M.	P.M	P.M.	A.M.	A.M
Balti 12.10	12.10	*3.11	6 00	9.45	2 30	....	
Wahg't'n 1.15	1.15	*4.10	7.15	.....	4.05	....	
Phila.....11.48	12.17	*3.17	6.23	10.20	4.25	4.25	
New York 2.13	2.53	*5.53	9.30	3.53	7.13	7.13	

Additional trains are run as under:—

Leave Pittsburg 9.00 P. M. daily, Altoona 1.05 A. M., Huntingdon 1.58 A. M.; arrive Harrisburg 4.20 A. M., Philadelphia 7.17 A. M.

Leave Pittsburg 7.30 A. M. daily, Altoona 11.05 A. M., Tyrone 11.30 A. M., Huntingdon 12.03 P. M., Lewistown Junction 1.02 p. m., arrive Harrisburg 2.40 p. m., Philadelhia 5.47 p. m., New York 8.08 p. m., Baltimore 6,00 p. m., Washington 7.15 p. m.

*Week-days only. "g" stops to let off passengers from Pittsburg and beyond, and to take on passengers for Harrisburg and beyond.

"f" stops on signal only.

"x" stops to discharge passengers from East Liberty, Pittsburg and beyond.

Connecting trains leave as follows:

At Lewistown Junction.—For Sunbury 7.30 A. M. and 3.10 P. M. week days.

For Milroy 7.40, A. M. and 1.40 p. M. week days.

At Huntingdon—For Bedford and Cumberland 8.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M. week days. Bedford only 8.00 A. M. Sundays.

At Tyrone—For Clearfield and Curwensville 8.20 A. M., and 3.30 P. M. week days, and 7.20 P. M. daily.

For Bellefonte and Lock Haven 8.10 A. M., 12.15 and 7.15 P. M. week days. 8.10 A. M. Sundays.

For Scotia 7.50 A.M. and 3.00 P.M. week days.

For further information apply to ticket agents, or Thomas E. Watt, Passenger Agent, Western Division, Corner Fifth Avenue and Smithfield Street. Pittsburg.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect November 26, 1900.

NORTH. Irreg., No. 7.	Mail, No.3	Mail, No.1	STATIONS.	SOUTH. Mail, No. 2.	Mail, No. 4.	Irreg., No. 6.
p. m.	P.M.	a.m		A. M	p. m.	a. m.
5 00	12 50	6 00	Robertsdale	11 19	6 36	6 50
5 10	1 02	6 12	Cook's	11 04	6 24	6 39
5 22	1 14	6 29	Cole's	10 49	6 12	6 29
5 42	1 42	6 57	Saltillo	10 19	5 42	5 56
5 50	1 50	7 05	Three Springs	10 10	5 21	5 50
6 02	2 03	7 17	*Pogue	9 57	5 07	5 40
6 14	2 18	7 32	Rockhill	9 45	4 44	5 30
	2 35	7 47	Shirley	9 25	4 29	
	2 44	7 57	*Augh. Mills	9 16	4 21	
	3 06	8 20	Mount Union	9 00	4 06	
p. m.	p. m.	a.m		a. m.	p. m.	a. m.

Irregular No. 5 leaves Robertsdale 7.43, Cook's 7.55, Cole's 8.07, Saltillo 8.35, Three Spring 8.43, Pogue 8.55, arrive at Rockhill 9.10 a. m.

Saturday only, No. 7 leaves Robertsdale 3.15, Cook's 3.26, Cole's 3.38, Saltillo 4.02, Three Springs 4.19, Pogue 4.22, arrive at Rockhill 4.35 p. m.

Irregular No. 8 leaves Rockhill 2.20, Pogue 2.32, Three Springs 2.44, Saltillo 2.51, Cole's 3.19, Cook's 3.31, arrive at Robertsdale 3.43 p. m.

Saturday only, Reg. No. 8 leaves Rockhill 1.00, Pogue 1.13, Three Springs 1.25, Saltillo 1.42, Cole's 2.00, Cook's 2.12, arrive at Robertsdale 2.25 p. m.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

WEST. Irreg. No. 12.	Mail, No. 10	STATIONS.	EAST Irreg., No 9	Mail, No. 11
p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.
5 50	7 20	L Rockhill A	6 25	4 55
5 43	7 13	*Blacklog	6 32	5 02
5 35	7 05	*Cedar Rock	6 40	5 10
5 31	7 01	*Locke Vall'y	6 44	5 14
5 25	6 55	*Shade Gap	6 50	5 20
		Stair		
		A Goshorn L		

Mail trains Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 10 and 11 and irregular trains 9 and 12 run daily except Sunday. Irregular trains 5, 6, 7 and 8 do not run daily, but carry passengers when run.

* Flag stations. Beersville changed to Pogue.

A. W. GREENWOOD, Superintendent.

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Topic For the Week Beginning Aug. 4, "Gaining By Losing"—Text, Mark x, 28-30.

It does cost something to be a Christian. Choice must be made in many things. We cannot have all things at the same time. There are companionships, associations, plans, pleasures, occupations, gains which must be abandoned if one will follow Christ. If we gain these, we must lose Him. If we would gain what He proffers, we must renounce and forsake these. There are times when the restrictions seem peculiarly severe and painful. Cases are not infrequent when the family and previous social life have been opposed to the service of Jesus. If one resolves to be a true follower of God, the family and former associates have to be left and new friends found. This is a most severe ordeal and tests all the loyalty and genuine piety of the soul. Such strains come more often in heathen lands or in conversion from a nominal Christianity than in our ordinary experience.

Sometimes we find people, however, in our churches who feel that they have given up much to become Christians, and especially in becoming Methodists. "Our rules are so strict we cannot do so many things which others do." What a pity such souls do not open their eyes to the riches of their inheritance and claim all the privileges open to them.

The most helpful social privileges the world affords are wide open to every real, hearty believer in Christ. The best of culture, the broadest learning, the truest courtesy and sincerest friendship are found in large measure in the Christian church, and one has no need to look outside its circles for the most helpful influences. No one need long for worthy and elevating association without finding it. The doors are wide open and welcome is hearty. Exclusiveness bars none of the gateways to the house of God.

For every friend lost in becoming a Christian ten better are found.

Any one who has moved much in society has not failed to see the strife for pre-eminence, the jealousies, envies, intrigues and endless annoyance which incessantly assail every one within the circle. No one is too high, none too low, to feel the sting and mortification. Genuine peace is rare, deep friendships still rarer. There is nothing on which they can feed the soul.

In the service of Christ the whole motive is changed. Work for others is the very inspiration of the life. The good of others is to be sought rather than the advantage of self. One finds happiness in giving more than in getting. We lose and find we have gained.

The sense of companionship with the good of all the ages, the oneness of spirit with the followers of Christ everywhere, now gives a fullness of soul unknown to any but those of the family of God. Men become brethren to us. We are conscious of the sentiment of fraternity in ourselves toward them, and we find expressions and indications in them of the same feeling toward us. Our circle of acquaintances has enlarged wondrously. We are interested in many and find others increasingly interested in us. Our brothers are in every land, our sisters are in all communions, fathers and mothers multiply, and all the blessings of loving regard increase as the Lord promised until it becomes marvelous even to our own souls. How insignificant have been the losses and privations! How rich the gains and numerous the friends given!

Salvation.

If a preacher were to say, "My friends, we are all brothers of the man Jesus Christ, flesh of His flesh and bone of His bone; what He felt we may feel; what He saw we may see; what He did we may do; we have in kind, though maybe not in degree, the same power and capacities He had; we can live as pure, as noble, as disinterested a life as He lived; we may show, in a measure, the same meekness, gentleness, humility, unselfishness, lovingness, charity, truthfulness, brotherliness as He showed, and the coming to Him means the coming to our better selves, to the Jesus within us, to our capacity to be and do like Him," we should understand him. He would be speaking words of soberness and truth. If he were to say that salvation by Jesus Christ meant salvation by cultivating Christlike qualities, not the believing of this or that about Christ, but by living up to the Christlike ideal—if he were to say these or like things, his words would be strong by the whole weight of science and of human experience.—John Burroughs.

A Good Cough Medicine.

Many thousands have been restored to health and happiness by the use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. If afflicted with any throat or lung trouble, give it a trial for it is certain to prove beneficial. Coughs that have resisted all other treatment for years, have yielded to this remedy and perfect health been restored. Cases that seemed hopeless, that the climate of famous health resorts failed to benefit, have been permanently cured by its use. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

5000 Visitors in a Single Day.

For the convenience of the thousands who spend vacation days at Atlantic City. The Philadelphia North American has established a Free Reading Room on the spacious Auditorium Pier at that popular resort. Here writing material is supplied free of charge, and amid luxurious surroundings, fanned by balmy sea breezes, thousands of letters are written to the loved ones at home. Over 1100 letters have been written and mailed from this reading room in a single day.

Admission to the reading room is entirely free.

In addition to hundreds of newspapers from all parts of the country on file for visitors, there is a large bookcase filled with the latest works of popular authors for the use of patrons free of charge.

Copies of THE MAPLETON ITEM will be found on file in this reading room, and a cordial invitation is extended by The North American to all of our readers to make the Auditorium Pier headquarters during a visit to Atlantic City. For convenience have your mail addressed:

The North American's Free Reading Room, Auditorium Pier, Atlantic City, N. J.

Your vacation will not be complete, either, unless you visit The North American's Sanitarium for Poor Children and witness the magnificent work being done there for the unfortunate waifs of the slums.

Heartburn.

When the quantity of food taken is too large or the quality too rich, heartburn is likely to follow, and especially so if the digestion has been weakened by constipation. Eat slowly and not too freely of easily digested food. Masticate the food thoroughly. Let six hours elapse between meals and when you feel a fullness and weight in the region of the stomach after eating, indicating that you have eaten too much, take one of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and the heartburn may be avoided. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

Always Before You.

Set the Lord always before you. In the high noon, when the sun burns in his meridian splendor, see a dim emblem of the relation which God sustains to all nature, all life, all evolution; in every little thing see some symbol of the great thing; in time see the beginning of eternity; in life, as we know it, see the type of life as God lives it. Thus the whole universe will become a sacred temple, all life a holy worship, all destiny a sublime and beneficent decree.—Joseph Parker.

"Out of the Depths."

Out of the depths, dear Lord, I lift
My anguished heart to Thee today;
Amid this dark, o'ershadowing cloud
I ask Thy light upon the way.
Too weak am I, too feeble all,
To bear alone the weight of pain,
Yet well I know that Thou art near
To dry the tears which fall like rain.

With Thee, dear Lord, is power to break
The winter of this night of grief
And all these gloomy doubts dispel
And give for sorrow sweet relief.
Oh, closely fold my spirit in
The mantle of Thy perfect rest
And teach me evermore to lean
In trust and love upon Thy breast!

—Christian Intelligencer.

She Didn't Wear a Mask.

But her beauty was completely hidden by sores, blotches and pimples till she used Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Then they vanished as will all Eruptions, Fever Sores, Boils, Ulcers, Carbuncles and Felons from its use. Infallible for Cuts, Corns, Burns, Scalds and Piles. Cure guaranteed. 25c at W. H. Spangler's.

The Great Decision.

The voice of my departed Lord—"Go, teach all the nations"—
Comes on the night air and awakes my spirit,
And I will go!
Henceforth for me it matters not if storm or sunshine be my future lot,
Bitter or sweet my cup,
I may not stop to play with shadows or pluck earthly flowers by the way
Till I my work have done and rendered up account,
And when I come at last to lay me down and die,
Perhaps all unattended, 'neath the cocoa's shade,
It will be sweet to me to know that I have toiled
For other worlds than this,
And, oh, if any for whom satan has struggled as he has for me
Should through my labors ever reach yon blissful shore,
Through all the ages of eternal years
My happy spirit never shall regret
That toil and suffering once were mine below!

—Selected.

A bad complexion generally results from inactive liver and bowels. In all such cases, DeWitt's Little Early Risers produce gratifying results. W. H. Spangler, J. L. Houck.

The Truest Interpreter.

Home is the truest interpreter of life. What one is at home is what he will be in eternity. There character reveals itself, and the real man is as he seems.—Presbyterian.

WM. REED & SONS

EACH DAY SEES SOME NEW ARRIVALS

TO FILL UP THE HOLES MADE BY QUICK SELLING, THEY ARE PRETTY AND THE NEWEST AND MANY COME TO US AT LESS THAN USUAL PRICES BECAUSE IT'S GETTING LATE FOR THE WHOLESALER. YOU PROFIT BY THIS.

Effective Lawns, white with black lace designs in stripes, are wonderfully popular just now. We've a fine big line at 12½ and 15 cents per yard. We have, too, a good line of

New Seersuckers for Waists and Dresses.

New designs in Serpentine Insertions come in daily. You will find something new every time you come to the store. It's a pleasure to see you respond so freely to our announcement of especially low prices for warm weather bargains.

Suppose you want

10 yards of Lonsdale Muslin at 7⅞ cents ..... you save 22½ cts.
10 yards of Fruit of the Loom Muslin at 7⅛ cents ..... you save 22½ cts.
15 yards of Hill Muslin at 6⅞ cents ..... you save 12½ cts.
5 yards of 25 cent Table Linen at 20 cents ..... you save 25 cts.
20 yards of 5½ cent Muslin at 5 cents ..... you save 10 cts.
10 yards regular 7 cent Calico at 5 cents ..... you save 20 cts.
20 yards best Lancaster and Amoskeag Ginghams .... you save 20 cts.

Suppose you want

A $1.00 Shirtwaist at 50 cents ..... you save 50 cts.
A 50 cent Belt at 25 cents ..... you save 25 cts.
A 40-cent Summer Corset at 31 cents ..... you save 9 cts.

Altogether you save $2.16

All through the stock there are just such opportunities for saving money, and that on fresh new goods. It's only done to make business hum these hot summer days.

Wm Reed & Sons,
Huntingdon, Pa.

The Best Advertisement

We Can Have Is a Well Satisfied Customer × × × × × ×

WE have many of them—permanent patrons—but we still have room for more. RUNNING IN A RUT means selling old things to people who want new things. We keep from buying "stickers." We are constantly buying NEW GOODS—up-to-date goods. We let careless merchants handle shoddy good—goods people don't want.

We Quote a Few Prices:

Line of Cakes - - -	5c per pound
Finest Rolled Oats - - -	3 lb for 10 cents
Fancy California Prunes - -	5c per pound
Rio Roasted Coffee - -	14c per pound
Corn Starch - - -	3 lb for 10 cents
anned Goods -	4 cans for 25c and upwards

Hats and Caps, Clothing, Wall Paper, etc. Every line full and prices lowest.

Visit us. Satisfy yourself.

J. G. GILLAM.

I CAN SAVE YOU SOMETHING

ON EVERY PURCHASE

Goods Well Bought are Half Sold

Therefore come quickly or you miss the greatest opportunity of the season. * * * * * * *
Bound to please you in my new styles of * * * *

High Grade Shoes at Moderate Prices

Remember this is a well bought stock. Bought on its merits as to beauty, style and quality. Bought direct from the makeas, and above all bought for spot cash. Therefore my complete stock is already half sold. Come right in, close up the sales and get the bargains.

J. C. HAZLETT, Huntingdon, Pa.

At Yocum's Novelty

near postoffice, Huntingdon,

YOU WILL FIND

a handsome line of

Lamps

15 cents to $5.00. All kinds of

Granite Kettles

Agent for all kinds of Rubber Stamps and Stensils.

1901

TO-DAY

Our present facilities and means of serving the trade is better than ever in the past, but the underlying principle of our business is the same—earnest and honest endeavor to give dollar for dollar, and deserve your good will and confidence.

Our Stock of Spring and Summer Goods is large and complete, consisting in part of Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, Hardware, Tinware, &c.

We invite special attention to our line of Ladies' Sailor Hats, —new styles in rough and fine straw; also largest assortment in town in Men's straw, crash and wool Hats,t

Don't forget his store sells 6 lbs. nice prunes for 25c.

We solicit your patronage.

J. L. Houck,
Cassville, Pa.

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON

SUNDAY'S DISCOURSE BY THE NOTED DIVINE.

Subject: Secret Societies—Why Silence is Sometimes Best — Organizations That Work For Humanity's Service — The True Tests For Secret Societies.

[Copyright 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—A practical question which is asked in most houses and for many years is here asked by Dr. Talmage and answered; text, Proverbs xxv, 9, "Discover not a secret to another."

It appears that in Solomon's time, as in all subsequent periods of the world, there were people too much disposed to tell all they knew. It was blab, blab, blab; physicians revealing the case of their patients, lawyers exposing the private affairs of their clients, neighbors advertising the faults of the next door resident, pretending friends betraying confidences.

One-half of the trouble of every community comes from the fact that so many people have not capacity to keep their mouths shut. When I hear something disparaging of you, my first duty is not to tell you, but if I tell you what somebody has said against you and then go out and tell everybody else what I told you, and they go out and tell others what I told them that I told you, and we all go out, some to hunt up the originator of the story and others to hunt it down, we shall get the whole community talking about what you do and what you did not do, and there will be as many scalps taken as though a band of Modocs had swept upon a helpless village. We have two ears, but only one tongue, a physiological suggestion that we ought to hear a good deal more than we tell. Let us join a conspiracy that we will tell each other all the good and nothing of the ill, and then there will not be such awful need of sermons on Solomon's words, "Discover not a secret to another."

Solomon had a very large domestic circle. In his earlier days he had very confused notions about monogamy and polygamy, and his multitudinous associates in the matrimonial state kept him too well informed as to what was going on in Jerusalem. They gathered up all the privacies and poured them into his ear, and his family became a sorosis or female debating society of 700, discussing day after day all the difficulties between husbands and wives, between employers and employes, between rulers and subjects, until Solomon, in my text, deplores volubility about affairs that do not belong to us and extols the virtue of secretiveness.

By the power of a secret divulged families, churches, neighborhoods, nations, fly apart. By the power of a secret kept charities, socialities, reformatory movements and Christian enterprises may be advanced. Men are gregarious—cattle in herds, fish in schools, birds in flocks, men in social circles. You may by the discharge of a gun scatter a flock of quails or by the plunge of an anchor send apart the denizens of the sea, but they will gather themselves together again. If you by some new power could break the associations in which men now stand, they would again adhere. God meant it so. He has gathered all the flowers and shrubs into associations. You may plant one forget-me-not or heartsease alone away off upon the hillside, but it will soon hunt up some other forget-me-not or heartsease. Plants love company. You will find them talking to each other in the dew.

You sometimes see a man with no outbranchings of sympathy. His nature is cold and hard, like a ship's mast ice glazed, which the most agile sailor could never climb. Others have a thousand roots and a thousand branches. Innumerable tendrils climb their hearts and blossom all the way up, and the fowls of heaven sing in the branches. In consequence of this tendency we find men coming together in tribes, in communities, in churches, in societies. Some gather together to cultivate the arts, some to plan for the welfare of the state, some to discuss religious themes, some to kindle their mirth, some to advance their craft. So every active community is divided into associations of artists, of merchants, of bookbinders, of carpenters, of masons, of plasterers, of shipwrights, of plumbers. Do you cry out against it? Then you cry out against a tendency divinely implanted. Your tirades would accomplish no more than if you should preach to a busy ant hill a long sermon against secret societies.

Here we find the oft-discussed question whether associations that do their work with closed doors and admit their members by passwords and greet each other with a secret grip are right or wrong. I answer that it depends entirely on the nature of the object for which they meet. Is it to pass the hours in revelry, wassail, blasphemy and obscene talk or to plot trouble to the state or to debauch the innocent, then I say with an emphasis that no man can mistake, "No!" But is the object the defense of the rights of any class against oppression, the improvement of the mind, the enlargement of the heart, the advancement of art, the defense of the Government, the extirpation of crime or the kindling of a pure hearted sociality, then I say with just as much emphasis, "Yes."

There is no need that we who plan for the conquest of right over wrong should publish to all the world our intentions. The general of an army never sends to the opposing troops information of the coming attack. Shall we who have enlisted in the cause of God and humanity expose our plans to the enemy? No; we will in secret plot the ruin of all the enterprises of Satan and his cohorts! When they expect us by day, we will fall upon them by night. While they are strengthening their left wing we will fall on their right.

By a plan of battle formed in secret conclave we will come suddenly upon them, crying, "The sword of the Lord and of Gideon!" Secrecy of plot and execution is wrong only when the object and ends are nefarious. Every family is a secret society, every business firm and every banking and insurance institution.

Those men who have no capacity to keep a secret are unfit for positions of trust anywhere. There are thousands of men whose vital need is culturing a capacity to keep a secret. Men talk too much, and women, too. There is a time to keep silence as well as a time to speak.

Although not belonging to any of the great secret societies about which there has been so much violent discussion, I have only words of praise for those associations which have for their object the maintenance of right against wrong or the reclamation of inebriates or, like the score of mutual benefit societies called by different names, that provide temporary relief for widows and orphans and for men incapacitated by sickness or accident from earning a livelihood. Had it not been for the secret labor organizations in this country monopoly would long ago have under its ponderous wheels ground the laboring classes into an intolerable servitude. The men who want the whole earth to themselves would have got it before this had it not been for the banding together of great secret organizations. And, while we deplore many things that have been done by them, their existence is a necessity and their legitimate sphere distinctly pointed out by the providence of God. Such organizations are trying to dismiss from their associations all members who are in favor of anarchy and social chaos. They will gradually cease anything like tyranny over their members, and will forbid violent interference with any man's work, whether he belongs to their union or is outside of it, and will declare their disgust with any such rule as that passed in England by the Manchester Bricklayers' Association, which says any man found running or working beyond a regular speed shall be fined two shillings and sixpence for the first offense, five shillings for the second, ten shillings for the third, and if still persisting shall be dealt with as the committee thinks proper.

There are secret societies in our colleges that have letters of the Greek alphabet for their nomenclature, and their members are at the very front in scholarship and irreproachable in morals, while there are others the scene of carousal, and they gamble, and they drink, and they graduate knowing a hundred times more about sin than they do of geometry and Sophocles. In other words, secret societies, like individuals, are good or bad, are the means of moral health or of temporal and eternal damnation. All good people recognize the vice of slandering an individual, but many do not see the sin of slandering an organization.

Bring me mallet and chisel and I will cut that man's epitaph. "Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord?" "No," you say, "that would not be appropriate." "Let me die the death of the righteous, and let my last end be like his?" "No," you say, "that would not be appropriate." Then give me the mallet and the chisel and I will cut an honest epitaph, "Here lies the victim of dissipating associations!"

Another test by which you can find whether your secret society is right or wrong is the effect it has on your secular occupation. I can understand how through such an institution a man can reach commercial success. I know some men have formed their best business relations through such a channel. If the secret society has advantaged you in an honorable calling it is a good one. But has your credit failed? Are bargain makers now more anxious how they trust you with a bale of goods? Have the men whose names were down in the commercial agency A1 before they entered the society been going down since in commercial standing? Then look out.

You and I every day know of commercial establishments going to ruin through the social excesses of one or two members, their fortune beaten to death with ball player's bat or cut amidships with the front prow of the regatta or going down under the swift hoofs of the fast horses or drowned in the large potations of cognac Monongahela. The secret society was the Loch Earn. Their business was the Ville de Havre. They struck, and the Ville de Havre went under!

The third test by which you may know whether the society to which you belong is good or bad is this: What is its effect on your sense of moral and religious obligation? Now, if I should take the names of all the people in this audience and put them on a roll, and then I should lay that roll back of this organ, and a hundred years from now some one should take that roll and call it from A to Z, there would not one of you answer. I say that any society that makes me forget that fact is a bad society.

Which would you rather have in your hand when you come to die—a pack of cards or a Bible? Which would you rather have pressed to your lips in the closing moment—the cup of Belshazzarean wassail or the chalice of Christian communion? Whom would you rather have for your pallbearers—the elders of a Christian church or the companions whose conversation was full of slang and inuendo? Whom would you rather have for your eternal companions—those men who spend their evenings betting, gambling, swearing, carousing and telling vile stories or your little child, that bright girl whom the Lord took? Oh, you would not have been away so much nights, would you, if you had known she was going away so soon? Dear me, your house has never been the same place since. Your wife has never brightened up; she has never got over it; she never will get over it. How long the evenings are with no one to put to bed and no one to whom to tell the beautiful Bible stories! What a pity it is that you cannot spend more evenings at home in trying to help her bear that sorrow! You can never drown that grief in the wine cup. You can never break away from the little arms that used to be flung around your neck when she used to say, "Papa, do stay with me to-night—do stay with me to-night!" You will never be able to wipe away from your lips the dying kiss of your little girl. The fascination of a bad secret society is so great that sometimes a man has turned his back on his home when his child was dying of scarlet fever. He went away. Before he got back at midnight the eyes had been closed, the undertaker had done his work, and the wife, worn out with three weeks' watching, lay unconscious in the next room. Then the returned father comes up stairs, and he sees the cradle gone, and he says, "What is the matter?" On the judgment day he will find out what was the matter.

Oh, man astray, God help you! I am going to make a very stout rope. You know that sometimes a ropemaker will take very small threads and wind them together until after awhile they become a ship cable. And I am going to take some very small, delicate threads and wind them together until they make a very stout rope. I will take all the memories of the marriage day—a thread of laughter, a thread of light, a thread of music, a thread of banqueting, a thread of congratulation—and I twist them together, and I have one strand. Then I take a thread of the hour of the first advent in your house, a thread of the darkness that preceded, and a thread of the light that followed, and a thread of the beautiful scarf that little child used to wear when she bounded out at eventide to greet you, and then a thread of the beautiful dress in which you laid her away for the resurrection, and then I twist all these threads together and I have another strand. Then I take a thread of the scarlet robe of a suffering Christ, and a thread of the white raiment of your loved ones before the throne, and a string of the harp seraphic, and I twist them all together, and I have a third strand. "Oh," you say, "either strand is enough to hold fast a world." No; I will take these strands, and I will twist them together, and one end of that rope I will fasten not to the communion table, for it shall be removed; not to a pillar of the organ, for that will crumble in the ages, but I wind it round and round the cross of a sympathizing Christ; and having fastened one end of the rope to the cross I throw the other end to you. Lay hold of it! Pull for your life! Pull for heaven!

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR AUGUST 4.

Subject: Abram and Lot, Gen. xiii., 1-18—Golden Text, Matt. vii., 12—Memory Verses, 7-9—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

1. "Up out of Egypt." In the language of the Jew the direction to Jerusalem from every quarter was upward; besides, Egypt was a low-lying country and the traveler would have to ascend on his way to the hilly country of Canaan. "Into the south." Not the south of Egypt, but the southern region of Palestine. A certain part of the country was called the south before the times of the patriarchs.

2. "Very rich." Abram and Lot had both been greatly prospered and were very rich. The property of these times did not consist in flocks only, but also in silver and gold. Abram was very rich, and yet very religious. As piety is a friend to outward prosperity (1 Tim. 4: 8), so outward prosperity, if well managed, is an ornament to piety, and opportunity of doing so much the more good.

3. "Even to Bethel." Abram returns to the place of his altar in Bethel. In like manner Christian settlements cluster around their churches. Nothing can satisfy God, in reference to a wanderer or backslider, but his being entirely restored. "Between Bethel and Hai." Stanley well describes this point as a conspicuous hill, its topmost summit resting on the rocky slopes, and distinguished by its olive groves offering a natural base for the altar, and a fitting shade for the tent of the patriarch.

4. "Called on—the Lord." This implies more than an ordinary prayer; he re-established public worship.

5. "Went with Abram." It seems plain that Lot was from the very beginning borne onward rather by Abram's influence and example than by his own faith in God.

6. "Not able to bear them." "Their flocks and herds had grown too numerous to find pasture there. An inability, moreover, of a moral kind may be implied." "Substance was great." As their families increased it was necessary their flocks should increase also, as from those flocks they derived their clothing, food and drink. Many also were offered in sacrifice to God.

7. "A strife." The occasion of their quarrel was their riches. The quarrel originated in the scarcity of herbage for the subsistence of their flocks, "and in their eagerness for the possession of the wells, or fountains of water. which in that rocky, arid region have a value unknown to the inhabitants of a country like ours." "Dwell then in the land." The Perizzites are not mentioned in the table of nations. Chap. 10. Their origin is obscure. The Canaanites were the original occupants of the soil.

8. "Abram said." He first let Lot take his choice, and then left God to choose for him. This was heavenly wisdom. This is what faith ever does; it allows God to fix its inheritance, and is always satisfied with the portion which God gives. "No strife." There is a special danger of quarrels in the family and among kindred. The love of God in the heart is a sure cure for all strife. "We are brethren" (R. V.) We are of the same family, worship the same God in the same way, have the same promises, and look for the same end. Why then should there be strife?

9. "The whole land." The heavenly principle of forbearance evidently holds the supremacy in Abram's breast. He walks in the moral atmosphere of the Sermon on the Mount. It was an unselfish act for Abram to give up his rights and renounce his own interests for Lot. It was the act of a true man of God. "Separate from me." His proposal to separate arises from his love of peace, not from any selfish regard to his own interests.

10. "Lifted up his eyes." There is a crisis in every man's history at which it will assuredly be made manifest on what ground he is resting, by what motives he is actuated, and by what objects he is animated; thus it was with Lot. "Plain of Jordan." Lot chose the Jordan Valley north of the Dead Sea near the city of Sodom. Lot seems to have had nothing in view but his temporal convenience and advantage. He does not inquire into the character of the inhabitants, nor does he appear to express any reluctance in leaving Abram. "Before — destroyed." The face of the country was altered by the destruction of these cities. "Garden of the Lord." He knew of its fame as the garden of Eden; no crust of salt, no volcanic convulsions had as yet blasted its verdure.

11. "Lot chose him." The choice was selfish. He should have been generous toward his uncle, instead of greedily taking the best for himself, and then, the choice was made for worldly advantage without regard to spiritual things. "They separated." It is not thus with the riches of grace or of glory; the more we have of them the closer it unites us.

12. "Pitched—toward Sodom." He advanced toward it till he came near, but was probably prevented from entering by the well-known character of its inhabitants. He who keeps bad company, indulges in doubtful pleasures, or allows wrong and selfish acts to influence his life is pitching his tent toward Sodom.

13. "Wicked and sinners." The men of Sodom were sinners of the first magnitude. The greatest depravity is often found among the inhabitants of the most fertile lands. Lot has fallen into the very vortex of vice and blasphemy. Lot chose the company of sinners. One is safe with wicked men so long as he is endeavoring to make them good, but is never safe when he chooses their company.

14. "Look," etc. He is to make a full survey of the land in all directions, and he is assured that it is his to inherit, and a title deed is given to him for his seed forever. God says to every believer, look from the place "where thou art," and "the land"—the spiritual good, "which thou seest"—which thou dost see promised to thee in My word, "to thee will I give it."

15. "All the land." God repeats His promises for the support of the faith of His servant. "Will I give it." He who was willing to give up everything for the honor of God and religion received the blessing of the Lord, but he who sought this world lost all.

16. "Thy seed as the dust." That is, they shall increase incredibly, and, take them all together, shall be such a great multitude as no man can number.

17. "Walk through." Survey the land; enter and take possession of it for thyself and thy posterity.

18. "In Hebron." This is the first mention of this name; it was anciently Kirjath-arba. It is one of the most ancient cities in the world. Here Sarah and Abram died. "An altar." This was the third altar Abram had built. Lot might choose Sodom, but as for Abram he sought and found his all in God.

Cost of Living in Japan.

Living expenses in Japan have increased seventy-five per cent. within a few years.

Tenements in London.

During the past fifty years London municipalities have constructed dwellings containing some 6132 rooms, while organized private action has, in the same period, provided buildings containing 50,402 rooms. This total is by no means exhaustive, since it does not take into account certain semi-surburban dwellings, and could not take note at all of all the work of private associations. In an examination of the cost of tenements Dr. Sykes has stated that the cost of construction varies from $20 to $200 per room, for cost of goods, site and sewers, while the cost of building varies from $165 per room in the country to $675 in London County Council tenements. There has been an enormous increase in the cost of building in London of recent years, and wages in six years have risen from twenty-five to thirty-five per cent., while the hours of labor have fallen ten to twelve per cent.—Public Health.

Good Place to Carry Collars.

A haberdasher was talking the other day of how young men who dance in hot weather lay in an extra supply of collars, and when one wilts exchange it for a fresh one. He told of two young fellows who were bound for a dance at one of the surburban inns, and had neglected to supply themselves with extra collars when they left home, so they stopped to buy them of him. One was tall and thin, and the other was short and fat.

The thin fellow selected his collar, and instead of having it wrapped up he placed it inside the band of his hat. "One isn't enough for me; it wouldn't last two dances," said the fat fellow. "I guess I'll take three." "How are you going to carry them??" asked his friend. "I'll show you," replied the stout young man. He asked permission to retire behind the counter for a minute, and, rolling up his trousers, actually fastened the extra collars around his leg, as though they had been garters.—Philadelphia Record.

SKIN TORTURES

And every Distressing Irritation of the Skin and Scalp Instantly Relieved by a Bath with

Cuticura SOAP

And a single anointing with CUTICURA, the great skin cure and purest of emollients. This treatment, when followed in severe cases by mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood, is the most speedy, permanent, and economical cure for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp humours with loss of hair ever compounded.

Millions of Women

USE CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and inflammations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odours. It unites in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, and the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour,

Cuticura THE SET Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal; and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humours, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. NEWBERY & SONS, 27 and 28, Charterhouse Sq., London, E. C. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

FREY'S VERMIFUGE is the same good, old-fashioned medicine that has saved the lives of little children for the past 50 years. It is a medicine made to cure. It has never been known to fail. Letters like the foregoing are coming to us constantly from all parts of the country. If your child is sick, get a bottle of FREY'S VERMIFUGE, a fine tonic for children. Do not take a substitute. If your druggist does not keep it, send 25 cents in stamps to E. & S. FREY, Baltimore, Md., and a bottle will be mailed you.

ASTHMA-HAY FEVER CURED BY DR. TAFT'S ASTHMALENE SEND FOR FREE TRIAL BOTTLE ADDRESS DR. TAFT, 79 E. 130TH ST., N.Y. CITY

STARK TREES best by Test—77 YEARS LARGEST Nursery. FRUIT BOOK free. We WANT MORE SALESMEN PAY CASH Weekly STARK BROS, Louisiana, Mo.; Huntsville, Ala., Etc

WHAT IS BEFORE YOU Your fortune told for ten cents and two cent stamp. State date and year of birth. Enclose lock of hair. Never fails. Prof. Wm. C. Woodward, Newburgh P. O., New York

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

"The Sauce that made West Point famous." McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

ADVERTISING IN THIS PAPER PAYS. N Y 31

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

FOSBURG IS ACQUITTED

Court Directs Jury to Return a Verdict of "Not Guilty."

STATE'S EVIDENCE INSUFFICIENT

Judge Stevens Told the Jury That No Case Had Been Made Out Against the Defendant — Announcement of Verdict Received With General Satisfaction — Fosburg Family Issues a Statement.

Pittsfield, Mass.—The trial of Robert Stewart Fosburg for the alleged killing of his sister, May, in August, 1900, was abruptly closed when the jury, under instructions from the court, returned a verdict of not guilty. The jurymen did not leave their seats. The verdict was received with shouts of applause, which the court immediately suppressed.

Robert Fosburg was then discharged from custody and court adjourned. The great crowd rushed to shake the hand of the smiling young man, and it was several minutes before the courtroom was cleared.

The man just vindicated by Judge and jury went directly to his wife's room. She was ill in bed, but the news of her husband's acquittal so strengthened her that she arose and

CHARACTERS IN THE FAMOUS FOSBURG CASE.

[Robert S. Fosburg was accused of the murder of his sister, May L. Fosburg. Another sister, Beatrice, was an important witness at the trial in Pittsfield, Mass., which resulted in the defendant's acquittal.]

throwing her arms about him exclaimed: "Thank God! thank God!"

The Fosburg family gave out this statement, signed Robert L. Fosburg and family:

"We are glad the trial has ended. We never had a moment's doubt of the result. We knew we had told the exact truth as to the death of our dear May. Her death at the hands of a burglar was a crushing blow to us all, but greater still was our anguish when one of our members was accused of killing her. But through it all God's infinite love and power has sustained us. To that portion of the public press and the kind friends who have so nobly stood by us we extend our sincere thanks."

District-Attorney Hammond said the court was fully justified in taking the case from the jury. He thought, however, that Chief of Police Nicholson was fully warranted in making the investigation that he did. Mr. Hammond said that the prosecution had expected to show by the testimony of Beatrice at the inquest that the defendant had the exclusive opportunity to get his revolver. At the inquest, he said, her testimony was that her brother Robert was in the back hall when the shot was fired, but her action in changing her testimony prevented the State from bringing out that point to the jury.

Story of the Murder.

The murder of Miss May L. Fosburg occurred on the night of August 20, 1900. The family sent word to the police in Pittsfield, Mass., that burglars had broken into their home and shot Miss Fosburg. She had been shot through the heart and instantly killed. It was announced that three masked men committed the crime. Many tramps were placed in jail, but one after the other was released. Finally, on January 26, this year, Robert Stewart Fosburg, the brother of the dead girl, was accused of the murder and arrested on the charge of manslaughter. The Fosburgs appeared to be astounded over the arrest, the elder Fosburg saying that it was a diabolical plot on the part of an enemy. They immediately tried to gather evidence to back their assertions that burglars killed Miss Fosburg. The Wire Gang of thieves, who are serving terms in various prisons, were named in connection with the crime, and they were visited by young Fosburg's mother and an attorney in an effort to obtain a confession. In this, however, the family was unsuccessful.

FREE TRADE IS GRANTED

Duties Between Porto Rico and the United States Abolished.

President Announces That the Islanders Have Adopted an Adequate System of Taxation.

Washington, D. C. — President McKinley has issued his proclamation establishing free trade between Porto Rico and the United States, and declaring the organization of a civil government for the island. The proclamation is purely formal, and is headed: "Cessation of Tariff—Porto Rico." It recites that the act of April 12, 1900, otherwise known as the Foraker act, provided that whenever the Porto Rican Legislature has enacted and put into operation a system of local taxation to meet the needs of the Government, and by resolution so notified the President, the latter shall issue a proclamation, and all duties on goods passing between the United States and Porto Rico shall cease. As the Legislature has complied with that requirement of the act in terms set out in the resolutions, which are quoted in full in the body of the proclamation, that document says:

"Therefore, I, William McKinley, President of the United States, in pursuance of the provisions of law above quoted, and upon the foregoing due notification, do hereby issue this, my proclamation, and do declare and make known that a civil government for Porto Rico has been organized with the provisions of the said act of Congress;

"And I do further declare and make known that the Legislative Assembly of Porto Rico has enacted and put into operation a system of local taxation to meet the necessities of the Government of Porto Rico.

"WILLIAM McKINLEY.

"By the President.

"David J. Hill, Acting Secretary of State."

Assistant Secretary Spaulding, after the proclamation had been issued, gave telegraphic notice to all Collectors of Customs that free trade exists between the United States and Porto Rico. The telegrams read as follows:

"Merchandise going into Porto Rico from the United States, or coming into the United States from Porto Rico, withdrawn from warehouse, is exempt from duty on and after July 25, 1901, under Section 3, Act of April 12, 1900, and the resolution and proclamation pursuant thereto."

Rejoicing in Porto Rico.

Washington, D. C.—Secretary Hunt, of Porto Rico, cabled the State Department: "News of President's proclamation was received throughout Porto Rico. There was a general expression of popular gratification, and many telegrams announce popular rejoicing, and send messages of congratulation to the President and Governor Allen."

The Fruit Box Shook Trade.

The fruit-box shook exports from Bangor, Me., this year will be the largest in the history of the business. It is estimated that over 4,000,000 boxes will be sent from Bangor to various ports of Italy and Sicily, and all the boxes will come back to the United States filled with Italian oranges and lemons.

Alaska Department Abandoned.

The War Department, at Washington, has issued the formal order closing up the Department of Alaska and merging it into the Department of Columbia. General George M. Randall is ordered to Vancouver barracks to take command of the Department of Columbia.

Important Surrender in Philippines.

Colonel Zurbano, an insurgent, twenty-nine officers and 518 men have surrendered to the Americans in Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I., clearing the district of the revolutionary element.

Ethics of the Road.

The moral ethics of the road vary very much in our minds according to our method of locomotion, says the Westminster Gazette. It may be quite true that the sky and not the soul is changed to those who cross the sea, but this does not apply to the different conditions of being on wheels or on foot. The same man who when walking regards with burning indignation the coachman or the cabman or the vandemon or the cyclist who nearly runs him down in his moments of abstraction will when he in turn is riding, use scathing winged words toward the blundering wayfarer who blindly steps into the roadway at the wrong moment. And by a peculiar process of thought the narrower the escape of the pedestrian the more furious is the anger of the other. The only solution is for each to consider the other a little more. But in spite of the argument used specially by cyclists that they themselves run the greater risk when they run into anybody, the foot passenger may justly be regarded as the weaker vessel, and he fairly claims the greater need of protection from the flying terrors of the road.

When Reed Counted a Quorum.

Former Speaker Reed was in the Supreme Court, at Washington. The Justices were slow in assembling. Mr. Reed waited with an elephantine patience. Presently a friend of his leaned over to him and whispered:

"Mr. Speaker, can't you count a quorum?"

A look of grave reproach overspread the fat Maine face. "Sir," said he in a tone of freezing dignity, "you forget that when I counted a quorum, there always was a quorum."—New York Times.

Municipal Amenities.

A member of the Isle of Wight Board of Guardians thus answered a colleague from whom he had received what he took to be an insult: "I am not a bigger fool than you are, and I do not come here to be made a target for a censorious, cantakerous, scurrilous, insolent and illiterate cad from a Ventnor stable. Mr. Chairman, if you will allow him to turn upon me the rapier of insult, I shall plunge him into the dagger of sarcasm, and it will not be my fault if it does not go to the hilt."—St. James's Gazette.

"No Chance" Men.

The man who complains that he has had no opportunity to succeed would not see a chance anywhere. The men who succeed do not wait for chances; they make them, and often out of very ordinary material. The druggist boy, Faraday, found his opportunity in a garret, with a pan and an old syringe; young Cunard found his in a jack-knife; Lincoln found his in a log cabin in the wilderness; Garfield found his on the towpath, and Douglass, on a slave plantation.—Success.

A decree has been issued by the Governor-General of Moscow, Russia, forbidding the inhabitants to carry knives with the exception of those whose vocations require it. Persons transgressing this regulation are liable to a fine not exceeding 500 roubles or three months' imprisonment.

Fooled by a Woman.

Conductors don't always triumph. The other day a sweet-faced little matron on a Castro street car looked up at the knight of the punch with a bewildering smile and said:

"I haven't a cent with me, but my husband is to get on at Powell street, and he will pay you. That will be all right, won't it?"

"Certainly," said the conductor, ringing up a fare—and he looked happy for several blocks.

When the car reached Powell street she was the first off, and was on the sidewalk before the conductor had recovered from his surprise.

"The nerve of her," he said. "It's a wonder she didn't ask for a transfer."—San Francisco News Letter.

Problems For Doctors.

There is a great deal more for medical students of the next century. We put into their hands indeed plenty of failures. We have failed to cure gout, asthma, rheumatism, cancer, consumption and paralysis, without speaking of other "plagaay diseases" which afflict mankind. All that we can do at present is to recommend habits and diet which shall perhaps be preventive. We can cure none of these diseases. Will our successors prove more competent than ourselves?—Sir Walter Beasant, in North American Review.

It requires no experience to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Simply boiling your goods in the dye is all that is necessary. Sold by all druggists.

The new Metropolitan Railway of Paris now carries a daily average of 115,000 passengers.

The American quail has been successfully acclimatized in Sweden.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, aching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The first porcelain factory in America was established in Philadelphia.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Actions speak louder than words, and actors louder than either.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa

The man who shaves himself is always getting in a scrape.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

Sugar-coated compliments are sometimes hard to swallow.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

The first world's fair was in London in 1851.

Rev. H. P. Carson, Scotland, Dak., says: "Two bottles of Hall's Catarrh Cure completely cured my little girl." Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Many a man gets a pointer from the finger of scorn.

Wants His Home Weekly.

The head of a large Market street wholesale business house, a man now advanced in years, has been a regular subscriber to one of the Bucks County papers for fifty years. "He wouldn't give it up for anything," said this man's son. "He gets more real enjoyment from it than from anything he reads. A daily edition has been started within the last ten years, but he doesn't want that. He only gets the weekly edition, which prints gossip of a personal nature from the various towns throughout the county. He will pore over this by the hour, and his comments on the various items of news are often amusing. Scarcely a name is mentioned that he doesn't say, 'Why, I used to go to school with his father,' or 'I once licked his Uncle Jim for tying my clothes up when we used to go swimming in the Neshaminy.'"—Philadelphia Record.

Wad.

"With us," explained the Scot, "wad means would!"

I did not fail to observe that here was the opportunity to animadvert keenly, not to say wittily, upon the great and growing power of wealth in my own country.

"With us," I rejoined, therefore, "wad means might!"

We parted at this, but I set detectives to shadow him, and they reported to me that three and a half hours later he smiled faintly.—Detroit Journal.

Hair Splits

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for thirty years. It is elegant for a hair dressing and for keeping the hair from splitting at the ends."—J. A. Gruenenfelder, Grantfork, Ill.

Hair-splitting splits friendships. If the hair-splitting is done on your own head, it loses friends for you, for every hair of your head is a friend.

Ayer's Hair Vigor in advance will prevent the splitting. If the splitting has begun, it will stop it.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sick Headache?

Food doesn't digest well? Appetite poor? Bowels constipated? Tongue coated? It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills; they cure dyspepsia, biliousness.

25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers

50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

Watch our next advertisement.

"The Handwriting on the Wall."

The hand that traces on the wall
Those words of import great,
Confers a boon on one and all
By mentioning the date,
September first will surely be
Red-letter day indeed,
When the new Premium List we see
By the Lion guaranteed.

'Tis best to bear the date in mind,
So that it won't be missed,
The day on which we first shall find
The latest Premium List
Of useful presents rich and rare,
For adult and for young,
For LION COFFEE drinkers share
Who have his praises sung.

September first your grocer ask,
For Lion's latest List;
If he's without, 'tis briefest task
To write us and insist.
Inclose a two-cent stamp, and we
The List will send to you,
You reap a big reward, you see,
And little have to do.

Just try a package of **LION COFFEE** and you will understand the reason of its popularity.

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Topic For the Week Beginning Aug. 4—Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle.

TOPIC.—Gaining by losing.—Mark x, 28-30.

It seems paradoxical to say that we gain by losing, yet it is true, and that it is true can be seen in all phases of life. Gaining by losing is a law of the natural world. "Except a corn of wheat fall into the ground and die," says Christ, "it abideth alone, but if it die it bringeth forth much fruit." This principle is illustrated also in the temporal world. If a man places wealth before him as the goal of his ambition, he must sacrifice many things in order to attain to it. He must die to a great extent to the social world, the world of pleasure and the world of learning. All his time, all his energies, must be concentrated upon this one object, and if with this as his one aim he is willing to die unto all other things he can usually become rich. So it is in all the other walks of life. Much must be lost in order to gain what we most desire to be or have. The same principle holds equally good in the spiritual world.

Spiritual life itself is gained by loss. "Whosoever will save his life," says Christ, "shall lose it, and whosoever will lose his life for My sake shall find it." The life that must be lost is the present life. It must be lost if we are to gain the eternal life of the soul in heaven. Two lives are placed before us. We cannot in a sense have both. We may have either. If we prefer this life, we may sacrifice the future life and live for this life only and get it; if we prefer the higher, eternal life, we can sacrifice this life and get it. To gain eternal life we must lose this present life. But surely we should not hesitate to suffer such a loss for such a gain. "For what is a man profited if he shall gain the whole world and lose his life, or what shall a man give in exchange for his life?"

But many blessings of the Christian life also come from loss. It not only costs something to become a Christian, but something to live a Christian life. We may lose friends, home, loved ones, but we have Christ's word for it that our loss shall prove to be our gain. "There is no man that hath left house or brethren or sisters or father or mother or wife or children or lands for My sake and the gospel's but he shall receive an hundredfold, now in this time, houses and brethren and sisters and mothers and children and lands, with persecutions and in the world to come eternal life." If we lose temporal riches for Christ's sake, we gain eternal riches; if we lose an earthly home, we gain a heavenly home; if we lose worldly friends, we gain all the people of God as our friends; if we lose earthly parents, we gain God, our Heavenly Father; if we lose brothers or sisters, we gain as brothers and sisters all the children of God. It is no loss, therefore, to lose for Christ, but a gain. Therefore no sacrifice that may need to be made should deter us in deciding for Christ or in living Christian lives.

THE PRAYER MEETING.

Have the pastor open the discussion upon the topic.

BIBLE READINGS.

Math. xvi, 24-28; xxvi, 7-13; Mark viii, 34-38; Luke ix, 23-26; John xii, 24, 25; xix, 26, 27; I Cor. xv, 36; II Cor. xii, 7-10; Phil. ii, 1-12.

The Example of Christian Lives.

A good cause is helped by the good lives of its supporters. Especially true is this of the gospel cause. A man or woman in whose daily conduct at home, in society, in business circles, the Christian virtues are prominent is "a living epistle," a living exponent of that which is true and helpful. Some of the humblest people in the world so far as material possessions are concerned are exerting a wide influence because of their earnest faith, their deep love, their constant serving, which together prove them to be real disciples of the Master. And when these Christian characteristics are exhibited by those who occupy positions of prominence, of honor and responsibility, as is frequently the case, the cause of God and man is greatly strengthened and advanced. Christian character as well as action tells. Christian character in action counts for most of all.—Universalist Leader.

Without God's Presence.

God punishes sin by the withdrawal of His presence. The hardest punishment a sensitive and loving child can have is the withdrawal of the parent's face. The hiding of God's face is harder to bear than the heaviness of his hand. Sin clouds the soul and hides the face of God. To see God's face forever is heaven's glory; to lose God's face forever is hell's unutterable woe. Keep a clear vision of God by keeping a pure heart. If your sins have caused God's face to become dim, heed the warning. Any punishment is preferable to being left without God's presence.—Rev. Isaac W. Gowen.

Knowledge of God.

"This is life eternal, to know Thee, the only true God, and Jesus Christ, whom Thou hast sent"—that is, to know Him in His relation to sinners. It is to know His purpose of destroying the works of the devil through the work of the Redeemer; to know the tenderness of His love and its freeness; to know Him as the prodigal knew his father when he felt his arms about him, and at the same time to know that the grand object of this love is the eradication of evil.—Erskine.

TRUNKS SUIT CASES

BOYS' WASH SUITS

Serge Suits

MANHATTAN SHIRTS

Flannel Suits

Children's Suits at Reduced Prices

STRAW HATS BELTS

HUGO MAYER'S

Golden Eagle Clothing Hall,

CORNER FOURTH AND PENN STREETS, HUNTINGDON, PA.

☞ Store closes at 7 P. M. except pay day nights and Saturday nights.

The Religion of Cheerfulness.

Christianity has been called the religion of cheerfulness and rightly so. It alone of all the religions has a hymnbook. The angels at the advent gave the keynote to the New Testament. They came not with a sermon, but a song. But the most religious are often the most gloomy. They mingle the wine with gall.—Presbyterian Journal.

Knowledge.

"If any man willeth to do His will, he shall know of the teaching." Understanding shall grow with growing earnestness of purpose. And he that tries heartily to do Christ's will shall know of the doctrine; know it more and more, know it deeper and deeper, know all that he needs. To selfish, earth bound hearts no secrets are revealed. No token of personal remembrance, no signs of secret favor, come from the master. True redemption is our deliverance from that restless selfishness and our return to union with God. No mastery among men, no conquests of self promotion, no prosperous economy, no career of politic success, contains a joy so exquisite and so full as that pledge of friendship from the love and power and wisdom that fill the throne of eternity.—Bishop Huntington.

Away With Pessimists!

I here part forever with all the cynical and saturnine. I do not want to live on the same street with them in heaven. They will always be singing out of tune and searching for fractures in the amethyst and finding fault with the country. Give them a world to themselves where they can have an eternity of pouting, a sky full of drizzle drozzle, an owl in each tree to hoot away the hours and a kennel of snarling rat terriers to nip the robe of every angelic intruder.—Christian Herald.

The Presence.

I sit within my room, and joy to find
That Thou who always lovest art with me here;
That I am never left by Thee behind,
But by Thyself Thou keep'st me ever near.
The fire burns brighter when on Thee I look
And seems a kinder servant sent to me;
With gladder heart I read Thy holy book,
Because Thou art the eyes by which I see.
This aged chair, that table, watch and door,
Around in ready service ever wait,
Nor can I ask of Thee a menial more
To fill the measure of my large estate,
For Thou Thyself, with all a Father's care,
Where'er I turn art ever with me there.

—Selected.

The Master's Touch.

In the still air the music lies unheard;
In the rough marble beauty hides unseen;
To make the music and the beauty needs
The master's touch, the sculptor's chisel keen.
Great Master, touch us with Thy skillful hand;
Let not the music that is in us die!
Great Sculptor, hew and polish us, nor let,
Hidden and lost, Thy form within us lie!
Spare not the stroke! Do with us as Thou wilt!
Let there be naught unfinished, broken, marred;
Complete thy purpose, that we may become
Thy perfect image, Thou our God and Lord!

—Bonar.

NERVITA PILLS Restore Vitality Lost Vigor and Manhood...

Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. **A nerve tonic and blood builder.** Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c. per box, 6 boxes for **$2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid.** Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

60 PILLS 50 CTS.

NERVITA TABLETS EXTRA STRENGTH

(YELLOW LABEL) Immediate Results

Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. **By mail** in plain package, **$1.00** a box, **6** for **$5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid.** Address

NERVITA MEDICAL COMPANY

Clinton and Jackson Streets CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve should be promptly applied to cuts, burns and scalds. It soothes and quickly heals the injured part. There are worthless counterfeits, be sure to get DeWitt's. W. H. Spangler, J. L. Houck.

The Light of Conscience.

Do the right and fear no thought
That another may express;
They your conscience have not taught,
And your lives may never bless.
Do what conscience says is right,
Then life's safest rule is yours,
And you follow in the light
That forevermore endures.

Men will differ and may change,
And if man you seek to please
You may often think it strange
That it is no path of ease.
For no matter what you do
Some will think it is not right;
So to your own souls be true;
Then you'll follow God's own light.

—Philadelphia Ledger.

It is easier to keep well than get cured. DeWitt's Little Early Risers taken now and then, always keep your bewels in perfect order. They never gripe but promote an easy gentle action. W. H. Spangler, J. L. Houck.

W. C. WILSON, D. D. S.,

Successor to Dr. G. L. Robb,

509 Washington St., Huntingdon, Pa.

Careful attention given to every branch of the profession. Special attention to Crown and Bridge Work. For painless extraction, NITROUS OXIDE GAS or LOCAL ANÆSTHETICS administered.

Telephone connection. 8-1-00-tf

Stage - Route

—BETWEEN—

Cassville - and - Mapleton.

The undersigned will run his hack between Cassville and Mapleton on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays leaving Cassville at 7.30 o'clock A. M., and leaving Mapleton at one P. M. unless notified to wait for afternoon trains. The patronage of the public solicited.

J. FRANK PARK.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. It prevents formation of gas on the stomach, relieving all distress after eating. Dieting unnecessary. Pleasant to take.

It can't help but do you good

Prepared only by E. C. DEWITT & Co., Chicago. The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

W. H. SPANGLER, J. L. HOUCK.

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